ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD BUFFALO WEAVING & BELTING SITE BUFFALO, ERIE COUNTY, NEW YORK

Prepared for:

U. S. EPA Region II Removal Action Branch Edison, New Jersey 08837

Prepared by:

Region II Removal Support Team Weston Solutions, Inc Federal Programs Division Edison, New Jersey 08837

DCN #: RST-02-F-01079 EPA Contract No.: 68-W-00-113

JULY 2003



Administrative Records in Local Repositories

The "Administrative Record" is the collection of documents which form the basis for the selection of a response action at a Superfund site. Under Section 113(k) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), the EPA is required to establish an Administrative Record available at or near the site.

The Administrative Record file must be reasonably available for public review during normal business hours. The record file should be treated as a non-circulating reference document. This will allow the public greater access to the volumes and also minimize the risk of loss or damage. Individuals may photocopy any documents contained in the record file, according to the photocopying procedures at the local repository.

The documents in the Administrative Record file may become damaged or lost during use. If this occurs, the local repository manager should contact the EPA Regional Office for replacements. Periodically, the EPA may send supplemental volumes and indexes directly to the local repository. These supplements should be placed with the initial record file.

The Administrative Record file will be maintained at the local repository until further notice. Questions regarding the maintenance of the record file should be directed to the EPA Regional Office.

The Agency welcomes comments at any time on documents contained in the Administrative Record file. Please send any such comments to Kevin Matheis, On Scene Coordinator, U.S. EPA Region II, 2890 Woodbridge Ave Edison, New Jersey 08837

For further information on the Administrative Record file contact Kevin Matheis OSC, US EPA Region II at (732) 321-6789.

BUFFALO WEAVING & BELTING SITE

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD GUIDANCE

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10.6 Fact Sheets and Press Releases

BUFFALO WEAVING & BELTING SITE

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD FILE

MODEL INDEX OF DOCUMENTS

The index of documents contains the following information about each document:

Document #: Site Code (three letters of site name)-Section, First Page-Section - Last Page

EXAMPLE (BUF1.1001 - 1.1002)

Title: Abstract of Document Contents

Category: Document Category/Section of Administrative Record File

Author: Writer and affiliation

Recipient: Addressee or Public and Affiliation, if applicable

Date: When document was created or transmitted

Note: Items in the Administrative Record are for public access, and should be removed from the file only for copying. The cost of reproduction of the documents in the file is the responsibility of the person requesting the copy.

BUFFALO WEAVING & BELTING SITE ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD FILE INDEX OF DOCUMENTS

Document #:

BUF1.4001-1.4022

Title:

Analytical Data Report

Category:

Site Investigation (SI) Report

Author: Recipient: Waste Stream Technology, Inc.

Date:

Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation April 16, 2003

Document #:

BUF1.4023-1.4033

Title:

EDR PUR-IQ Report

Category:

Site Investigation (SI) Report

Author:

Environmental Data Resources, Inc. Benchmark Environmental, PLLC

Recipient: Date:

April 17, 2003

Document #:

BUF1.5001-1.5009

Title:

B.P.D.E.S. Discharge Permit Application

Category:

Previous Operable Unit Information

Author:

Harold Stockman, V.P. & General Manager, Buffalo Weaving & Belting Company

Recipient:

City of Buffalo Sewerage Authority

Date:

March 6, 1991

Document #:

BUF1.6001-1.6040

Title:

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site Photographs, pre-fire

Category:

Photo Documentation

Author:

Malcolm Pirnie, Inc.

Recipient:

Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation

Date:

April 18, 2003

Document #:

BUF2.2001-2.2017

Title:

Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co., Buffalo, New York

Category:

Sampling and Analysis Data

Author:

Michael Mahnkopf, Weston Solutions, Inc.

Recipient:

Kevin Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Date:

April 22, 2003

Document #:

BUF2.5001-2.5039

Title:

Documentation of Verbal Authorization and Request for a Ceiling Increase for a Removal Action at

the Buffalo Weaving & Belting Company Site, Buffalo, Erie County, New York

Category:

Action Memorandum

Author:

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Recipient:

George Pavlou, Director, Emergency and Remedial Response Division

Date:

May 1, 2003

Document #:

BUF2.5040-2.5041

Title:

Request and Documentation for the Verbal Authorization for a Removal Action at the Buffalo

Weaving and Belting Co., located in Buffalo, New York

Category:

Action Memorandum

Author:

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, Removal Action Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection

Recipient:

George Pavlou, Director, Emergency and Remedial Response Division

Date:

April 22, 2003

Document #:

BUF2.8001

Title:

Street Permit, Chandler Street between Manton Pl. and Bridgeman St.

Category:

Author:

Department of Public Works, Parks and Streets, Buffalo, New York

Recipient:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Date:

May 7, 2003

Document #:

BUF6.3001

Title:

Request for CERCLA emergency response action at the former Buffalo Belt and Webbing facility

Category:

State Referral Documents

Author:

Salvatore Ervolina, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation, Division of

Environmental Remediation

Recipient:

George Pavlou, Director, Emergency and Remedial Response Division, U.S. Environmental

Protection Agency

Date:

April 23, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6001

Title:

Update Fact Sheet, May 2003 Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Category: Author:

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

May 6, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6002

Title:

Update Fact Sheet, June 2003 Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Category: Author:

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

June 9, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6003

Title:

Update Fact Sheet, June 2003

Category: Author:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Recipient: Date:

Available to Public June 20, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6004-10.6005

Title:

Closing doors: Alpha Associates to buy rest of Buffalo Weaving

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Mike McNulty, Rubber and Plastic News

Recipient: Date:

Available to Public February 24, 2003

BUF10.6006-10.6007

Document #: Title:

Weaving a sad tale

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Fred O. Williams, Buffalo News

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

February 19, 2003

Document #: B

BUF10.6008

Title:

Buffalo Weaving story sad and all too common

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Mike McNulty, Rubber & Plastic News

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

March 10, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6009

Title:

Shutdown hurts workers

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Mike McNulty, Rubber & Plastic News

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

March 10, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6010

Title:

Company veteran weathers good, bad times

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Mike McNulty, Rubber & Plastic News

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

March 10, 2003

Document #:

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Title:

BUF10.6011 Pharr holds on

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author:

Mike McNulty, Rubber and Plastic News

Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

March 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6012

Title:

Three-alarm fire in Black Rock Fact Sheets and Press Releases John C. Hickey, Buffalo News

Category: Author: Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

April 16, 2003

Document #:

BUF10.6013

Title:

Two charged with arson in fire at vacant Black Rock plant

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author: Recipient:

Jay Rey, Buffalo News Available to Public

Date:

April 20, 2003

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Document #:

BUF10.6014

Title:

No hazards found in first tests at fire scene

Category:

Fact Sheets and Press Releases Venessa Thomas, Buffalo News

Author: Recipient:

Available to Public

Date:

April 22, 2003

Document #: BUF10.6015-10.6017

Title: Caught in a revolving door: Cash flow spurs Buffalo Weaving troubles

Category: Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author: Mike McNulty, Rubber & Plastic News

Recipient: Available to Public **Date:** April 22, 2003

Document #: BUF10.6018

Title: 111-year-old firm spans horse-drawn age to space age

Category: Fact Sheets and Press Releases
Author: Mike McNulty, Rubber & Plastic News

Recipient: Available to Public **Date:** April 24, 2003

Document #: BUF10.6019

Title: Black Rock fire: Arrests Made; Dangers Assessed

Category: Fact Sheets & Press Releases

Author: Patricia Abbatoy, Riverside Review

Recipient: Available to Public **Date:** April 23, 2003

Document #: BUF10.6020

Title: Buffalo defense contractor pleads guilty to charge

Category: Fact Sheets and Press Releases

Author: Buffalo Business First
Recipient: Available to Public
Date: September 7, 2001

EPA REGIONAL GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS

The following documents are available for public review at the EPA Region II Field Office, 2890 Woodbridge Avenue, Edison, New Jersey 08837 during regular business hours.

- Glossary of EPA Acronyms.
- * Superfund Removal Procedures--Revision #3. OSWER Directive 9360.0-03B, February 1988.
- Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.
 Notice of Proposed Rule making and Public Hearings.
 29 CFR Part 1910, Monday, August 10, 1987.
- * Guidance on Implementation of Revised Statutory Limits on Removal Action. OSWER Directive 9260.0-12, May 25, 1988.
- * Redelegation of Authority under CERCLA and SARA. OSWER Directive 9012.10, May 25, 1988.
- Removal Cost Management Manual.
 OSWER Directive 9360.0-02B, April, 1988.
- Field Standard Operating Procedures (FSOP).
 #4 Site Entry.
 #6 Work Zones.
 #8 Air Surveillance.
 #9 Site Safety Plan.
- * Standard Operating Safety Guides -- U.S. EPA Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, July 5, 1988.
- * CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (Superfund).
- * SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986.
- * NCP: National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan. Publication No. 9200.2-14.
- * Guidance on Implementation of the "Contribute to Efficient Remedial Performance" Provision Publication No. 9360.0-13.

Additional Guidance Documents are listed below and are available for review at the EPA Region II Removal Records Center.

- * The Role of Expedited Response Actions (EPA) Under SARA Publication No. 9360.0-15.
- * Guidance on Non-NPL Removal Actions Involving Nationally Significant or Precedent Setting Issues Publication No. 9360,0-19.
- * ARARS During Removal Actions Publication No. 9360.3-02.
- * Consideration of ARARS During Removal Actions -Publication No. 9360.3-02FS.
- Public Participation for OSCs Community Relations and the Administrative Record Publication No.9360.3-05.
- * Superfund Removal Procedures Removal Enforcement Guidance for On-Scene Coordinators Publication No. 9360.3-06.
- QA/QC for Removal Actions Publication No. 9360.4-01.
- * Compendium for ERT Air Sampling Procedures Publication No. 9360.4-05.

302 Grote Street Buffalo, NY 14207 (716) 876-5290

Analytical Data Report

Group Number: 2031-873

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Field and Laboratory Information

WST ID	Client ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received	Time
WT17456	2003-26A	Aqueous	04/16/03	04/16/03	11:55
WT17457	2003-26B	Aqueous	04/16/03	04/16/03	11:55
WT17458	2003-26C	Aqueous	04/16/03	04/16/03	11:55





METHODOLOGIES

The specific methodologies employed in obtaining the analytical data reported are indicated on each of the result forms. The method numbers shown refer to the following U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Reference:

Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-79-020, March 1979, Revised 1983, U.S. Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio 45268.

Federal Register, 40 CFR Part 136: Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants Under the Clean Water Act. Revised July 1992.

Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. Third Edition, Revised December 1996, U.S. EPA SW-846.

Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Volume II. ASTM, 100 Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.

Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. (20th Edition). American Public Health Association, 1105 18th Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20036.

DETECTION LIMIT DEFINITIONS

MDL = Method Detection Limit. When reported, the MDL is the minimum concentration that can be measured and reported with 99 percent confidence that the concentration is greater than zero.

MQL = Method Quantitation Limit. The MQL is the minimum concentration that can be reliably reported. The MQL is equal to the concentration of the lowest standard used for the initial calibration of the instrument.

Reporting Limit = A reporting limit is the minimum concentration that can be measured and reported for analyses where initial calibration is not applicable. The reporting limit is based on the specifics of the analysis procedure.





ORGANIC DATA QUALIFIERS

- U Indicates compound was analyzed for but not detected at the stated MQL or Reporting Limit. If the MDL has been reported, U indicates that the compound was not detected at the MDL.
- J Indicates an estimated value. This flag is used to qualify the following: when estimating a concentration for tentatively identified compounds where a 1:1 response is assumed; a compound is detected in the sample but the result is less than the method quantitation limit but greater than the statistically calculated laboratory method detection limit; the result for a compound is estimated due to the analysis of a sample beyond the USEPA defined holding time; the result for a compound is estimated due to a quality control sample result that is outside the laboratory quality control recovery limits.
- **C** This flag applies to pesticide results where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS.
- **B** This flag is used when the analyte is found in the associated blank as well as the sample.
- **E** This flag identifies all compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument of that specific analysis.
- **D** This flag identifies all compounds identified in an analysis at a secondary dilution factor.
- **G** Matrix spike recovery is greater than the expected upper limit of analytical performance.
- **L** Matrix spike recovery is less than the expected lower limit of analytical performance.
- # Indicates that a surrogate recovery was found to be outside the expected limits of analytical performance.
- **\$ -** Indicates that the surrogate compound was diluted out. The sample had to be diluted to obtain analytical results and a recovery could not be calculated.
- (%) Indicates that the compound is a surrogate and that the value reported for this compound is in percent recovery. The quality control recovery limits are indicated in the detection limit or QC limits column.





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. TCLP Metals Analysis Result Report

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03

Date Received: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: mg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

WST ID: WT17456 Client ID: 2003-26A Digestion Date: 04/17/03

Analyte	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed	Analysis Method
Arsenic by ICP	0.045	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Barium by ICP	0.025	0.029	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Cadmium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Chromium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Lead by ICP	0.075	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Mercury by Cold Vapor	0.001	Not detected	04/18/03	SW-846 7470
Selenium by ICP	0.095	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Silver by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. TCLP Metals Analysis Result Report

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03. Date Received: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: mg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

WST ID: WT17457 Client ID: 2003-26B Digestion Date: 04/17/03

Analyte	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed	Analysis Method
Arsenic by ICP	0.045	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Barium by ICP	0.025	0.028	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Cadmium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Chromium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Lead by ICP	0.075	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Mercury by Cold Vapor	0.001	Not detected	04/18/03	SW-846 7470
Selenium by ICP	0.095	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Silver by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. TCLP Metals Analysis Result Report

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Units: mg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

WST ID: WT17458 Client ID: 2003-26C Digestion Date: 04/17/03

Analyte	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed	Analysis Method
Arsenic by ICP	0.045	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Barium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Cadmium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Chromium by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Lead by ICP	0.075	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Mercury by Cold Vapor	0.001	Not detected	04/18/03	SW-846 7470
Selenium by ICP	0.095	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010
Silver by ICP	0.025	Not detected	04/17/03	SW-846 6010





TCLP Volatile Organics Analysis 1311/8260B

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17456 Client ID: 2003-26A TCLP Date: 04/16/03

Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
vinyl chloride	10	Not detected		U
1,1-dichloroethene	10	Not detected		U
chloroform	10	Not detected		U
2-butanone	100	147		
1,2-dichloroethane	10	Not detected		U
carbon tetrachloride	10	Not detected		U
trichloroethene	10	Not detected		U
benzene	10	Not detected		U
tetrachloroethene	10	Not detected		U
chlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (%)		97	77-118	
Toluene-d8 (%)		103	84-112	
Bromofluorobenzene (%)		100	79-125	

Dilution Factor

1





TCLP Volatile Organics Analysis
1311/8260B

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03

Date Received: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17457 Client ID: 2003-26B TCLP Date: 04/16/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
vinyl chloride	10	Not detected		U
1,1-dichloroethene	10	Not detected		Ų
chloroform	10	Not detected		U
2-butanone	100	Not detected		U
1,2-dichloroethane	10	Not detected		U
carbon tetrachloride	10	Not detected		U
trichloroethene	10	Not detected		U
benzene	10	Not detected		U
tetrachloroethene	10	Not detected		U
chlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (%)		98	77-118	
Toluene-d8 (%)		103	84-112	
Bromofluorobenzene (%)		102	79-125	

Dilution Factor

1





TCLP Volatile Organics Analysis 1311/8260B

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03

Date Received: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17458 Client ID: 2003-26C TCLP Date: 04/16/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
vinyl chloride	10	Not detected		U
1,1-dichloroethene	10	Not detected		U
chloroform	10	Not detected		U
2-butanone	100	Not detected		U
1,2-dichloroethane	10	Not detected		U
carbon tetrachloride	10	Not detected		U
trichloroethene	10	Not detected		U
benzene	10	17		
tetrachloroethene	10	Not detected		U
chlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	10	Not detected		U
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (%)		102	77-118	
Toluene-d8 (%)		105	84-112	
Bromofluorobenzene (%)		106	79-125	

Dilution Factor

1





8270 TCLP Semivolatile Organics 1311/8270

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17456 Client ID: 2003-26A Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
pyridine	20.0	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Total cresols(o,m & p)	60.0	290		
nitrobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachloroethane	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobutadiene	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4-dinitrotoluene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
pentachlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2-Fluorophenol (%)		49	20-69	
Phenol-d6 (%)		32	13-48	
Nitrobenzene-d5 (%)		68	42-126	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (%)		74	44-133	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (%)		81	49-144	
Terphenyl-d14 (%)		74	43-149	

Dilution Factor





8270 TCLP Semivolatile Organics 1311/8270

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17457 Client ID: 2003-26B Extraction Date: 04/17/03

Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
pyridine	20.0	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Total cresols(o,m & p)	60.0	154		
nitrobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachloroethane	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobutadiene	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4-dinitrotoluene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
pentachlorophenoi	40.0	Not detected		U
2-Fluorophenol (%)		53	20-69	
Phenol-d6 (%)		34	13-48	
Nitrobenzene-d5 (%)		74	42-126	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (%)		80	44-133	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (%)		83	49-144	
Terphenyl-d14 (%)		78	43-149	

Dilution Factor





8270 TCLP Semivolatile Organics 1311/8270

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17458 Client ID: 2003-26C Extraction Date: 04/17/03

Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
pyridine	20.0	Not detected		U
1,4-dichlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Total cresols(o,m & p)	60.0	130		
nitrobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachloroethane	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobutadiene	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4-dinitrotoluene	20.0	Not detected		U
hexachlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
pentachlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2-Fluorophenol (%)		56	20-69	
Phenol-d6 (%)		36	13-48	
Nitrobenzene-d5 (%)		80	42-126	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (%)		86	44-133	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (%)		89	49-144	
Terphenyl-d14 (%)		85	43-149	

Dilution Factor





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. Method Blank TCLP Semivolatiles 1311/8270

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: NA

Date Received: NA

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

WST ID: 0417/03 Client ID: NA

Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
Pyridine	20.0	Not detected		U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Total Cresols(o,m,&p)	60.0	Not detected		U
Nitrobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Hexachloroethane	20.0	Not detected		U
Hexachlorobutadiene	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	20.0	Not detected		U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	20.0	Not detected		U
Hexachlorobenzene	20.0	Not detected		U
Pentachiorophenol	40.0	Not detected		U
2-Fluorophenol (%)		54	20-69	
Phenol-d6 (%)		34	13-48	
Nitrobenzene-d5 (%)		75	42-126	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (%)		78	44- 133	
2,4,6-Tribromophenol (%)		82	49-144	
Terphenyl-d14 (%)		78	43-149	

Dilution Factor MB denotes Method Blank NA denotes Not Applicable





TCLP Pesticide Analysis 1311/8081

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17456 Client ID: 2003-26A

Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
chlordane	2.00	Not detected		U
endrin	0.100	Not detected		U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor epoxide	0.100	Not detected		U
methoxychlor	0.100	Not detected		U
toxaphene	2.50	Not detected		U
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (%)	oro-m-xylene (%)		72-117	
Decachlorobiphenyl (%)		98	71-123	

Dilution Factor





TCLP Pesticide Analysis 1311/8081

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17457 Client ID: 2003-26B

Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
chlordane	2.00	Not detected		U
endrin	0.100	Not detected		U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor epoxide	0.100	Not detected		U
methoxychlor	0.100	Not detected		U
toxaphene	2.50	Not detected		U
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (%)		91	72-117	
Decachlorobiphenyl (%)		95	71-123	

Dilution Factor





TCLP Pesticide Analysis 1311/8081

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

Matrix: TCLP Extract

WST ID: WT17458

Client ID: 2003-26C Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
chlordane	2.00	Not detected		U
endrin	0.100	Not detected		U
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor	0.100	Not detected		U
heptachlor epoxide	0.100	Not detected		U
methoxychlor	0.100	Not detected		U
toxaphene	2.50	Not detected		U
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (%)		102	72-117	
Decachlorobiphenyl (%)		108	71-123	

Dilution Factor





Method Blank for TCLP Pesticides 1311/8081

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: NA Date Received: NA

TCLP Extraction Date: 04/16/03

Group Number: 2031-873

Units: µg/L

WST ID: MB041703

Client ID: NA

Extraction Date: 04/17/03 Date Analyzed: 04/17/03

Compound	MQL	Result	QC Limits (%)	Qualifier
Chlordane	2.00	Not detected		U
Endrin	0.100	Not detected		U
Gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.100	Not detected		U
Heptachlor	0.100	Not detected		U
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.100	Not detected		U
Methoxychlor	0.100	Not detected		U
Toxaphene	2.50	Not detected		U
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (%)		98	72-117	
Decachlorobiphenyl (%)		97	71-123	

Dilution Factor 4. 1 2.5 MB denotes Method Blank NA denotes Not Applicable





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. Ignitability (flash point) SW-846 1010

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Matrix: Aqueous

Units: ° F

WST ID	Client ID	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed
WT17456	2003-26A	NA	>200	04/17/03
WT17457	2003-26B	NA	>200	04/17/03
WT17458	2003-26C	NA	>200	04/17/03

> 200 = no flash detected at a temperature up to 200 degrees Fahrenheit.





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. pH in Water EPA 150.1

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Matrix: Aqueous Units: pH Units

WST ID	Client ID	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed
WT17456	2003-26A	NA	7.27	04/17/03
WT17457	2003-26B	NA	7.54	04/17/03
WT17458	2003-26C	NA	7.60	04/17/03

According to the NYSDOH, pH analyses not performed within 15 minutes need to be reported as "over-aged".





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. Section 7.3.3.2 Reactive Cyanide SW-846 9014

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Matrix: Aqueous Units: mg/L

WST ID	Client ID	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed
WT17456	2003-26A	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03
WT17457	2003-26B	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03
WT17458	2003-26C	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03





Waste Stream Technology, Inc. Section 7.3.4.2 Reactive Sulfide SW-846 9034

Site: Chandler St. Samples From Fire

Date Sampled: 04/16/03 Date Received: 04/16/03 Group Number: 2031-873

Matrix: Aqueous Units: mg/L

WST ID	Client ID	Reporting Limit	Result	Date Analyzed
WT17456	2003-26A	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03
WT17457	2003-26B	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03
WT17458	2003-26C	40.0	Not detected	04/17/03





CH OF CUSTODY	WASIESIKEAIII	OFFICE USE ONLY	PAGEOF			
REPORT IO. BECKNOOL'S REMAINSMES	TECHNOLOGY	GROUP# <u>803 ~食73</u>				
Coops 617 only st 30	Vaste Stream Technology Inc. D2 Grote Street, Buffalo, NY 14207	DUE DATE	ARE SPECIAL DETECTION LIMITS REQUIRED:			
	16) 876-5290 • FAX (716) 876-2412	TURN AROUND TIME:	YES NO If yes please attach requirements.			
18/18/4 A Schorally CONTACT 7/6-87/-29/7 PH.#() 2/6-87/-6998	GW GROUND WATER SO SW SURFACE WATER S WW WASTE WATER W	SLUDGE SOIL SOLID WIPE HER - TURN AROUND TIME: 3 TANK SOLID WIPE HER	If yes please attach requirements			
FAX #() BILL TO:	AN SO	IALYSES TO BE PERFORMED	Fd9-158			
PO# PROJECT DESCRIPTION SAMPLER SIGNATURE SAMPLE I.D.	TIME OF SAMPLING SAMPLE TYPE TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS	TYPE	OF CONTAINER/ MENTS: OFFICE USE ONLY WST. I.D.			
	10330 WV 1 ><	ARSA	GREA VITTAGO			
2 " " " " "	* WW 1 X	400 115 m 5 6 10 M	1 8 1 51 1 8 1 5			
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REMARKS: TRY COPY OF ROSALTS TO NYS DOS MIKE FRANKS 716-851-7452 ORTECH LINDA SOUTH 716-813-7807						
RELINQUISHED BY:	DATE: TIME: 4 1/6/100 // 1000 Apg	RECEIVED BY:	DATE: TIME: 11:55			
RELINQUISHED BY:	DATE: TIME:	RECEIVED BY:				

Fax To: Benchmark Environmental, PLLC

Contact: Bryan Hann Fax: 716-856-0583 Date: 04/17/2003 Fax From: Erik Terranova

EDR

Phone: 1-800-352-0050

EDR PUR-IQ® Report

"the intelligent way to conduct historical research"

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co 260 Chandler Street Buffalo, NY 14207 Lat./Long. 42.94350 / 78.88520 EDR Inquiry # 0962135.1s

The EDR PUR-IQ report facilitates historical research planning required to complete the Phase I ESA process. The report identifies the *likelihood* of prior use coverage by searching EDR's proprietary historical source(s) database comprising nationwide information on: city directories, fire insurance maps, aerial photographs, historical topographic maps, flood maps and National Wetland Inventory maps.

Potential for EDR Historical (Prior Use) Coverage - Coverage in the following historical information sources may be used as a guide to develop your historical research strategy:

1. City Directory: Coverage exists for portions of BUFFALO, NY for 1959, 1998, 61,

62, 64-68, 70-77, 82, 85, 86, 87, 90, 92

2. Fire Insurance Map: When you order online any ASTM 2000 Package, or an EDR Radius Map

with a Sanborn Map Search/Print, you receive site specific

Sanborn Map coverage information at no charge.

3. Aerial Photograph: 1959, 1966, 1978, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1994, 1995 Shipping

time 3-5 business days.

4. Topographic Map: The USGS 7.5 min. quad topo sheet(s) associated with this site:

Historical: Coverage exists for Erie County

Current: Target Property: 2442078-H8 Buffalo NW, NY CA10

Additional required for 1 Mile radius: 2442078-H7 Buffalo NE, NY

EDR's network of professional researchers, located throughout the United States, accesses the most extensive national collections of city directory, fire insurance maps, aerial photographs and historical topographic map resources available for Buffalo, NY. These collections may be located in multiple libraries throughout the country. To ensure maximum coverage, EDR will often assign researchers at these multiple locations on your behalf. Please call or fax your EDR representative to authorize a search.



The EDR Radius Map with GeoCheck®

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co 260 Chandler Street Buffalo, NY 14207

Inquiry Number: 0962135.1s

April 17, 2003

The Source For Environmental Risk Management Data

3530 Post Road Southport, Connecticut 06890

Nationwide Customer Service

Telephone: 1-800-352-0050 Fax: 1-800-231-6802 Internet: www.edrnet.com

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Thank you for your business.
Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050
with any questions or comments.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR). The report meets the government records search requirements of ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments, E 1527-00. Search distances are per ASTM standard or custom distances requested by the user.

TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

ADDRESS

260 CHANDLER STREET BUFFALO, NY 14207

COORDINATES

Latitude (North): Longitude (West): 42.943500 - 42° 56' 36.6" 78.885200 - 78° 53' 6.7"

Universal Tranverse Mercator: Zone 17 UTM X (Meters): UTM Y (Meters):

672539.4 4756495.5

USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP ASSOCIATED WITH TARGET PROPERTY

Target Property:

2442078-H8 BUFFALO NW, NY CA10

Source:

USGS 7.5 min quad index

TARGET PROPERTY SEARCH RESULTS

The target property was not listed in any of the databases searched by EDR.

DATABASES WITH NO MAPPED SITES

No mapped sites were found in EDR's search of available ("reasonably ascertainable ") government records either on the target property or within the ASTM E 1527-00 search radius around the target property for the following databases:

FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD

......National Priority List

Proposed NPL Proposed National Priority List Sites

CERC-NFRAP...... CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned

CORRACTS...... Corrective Action Report

RCRIS-LQG...... Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System

ERNS..... Emergency Response Notification System

STATE ASTM STANDARD

SWF/LF Facility Register

FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

CONSENT...... Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees

ROD...... Records Of Decision

Delisted NPL National Priority List Deletions

FINDS Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program Summary Report

HMIRS...... Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System

MLTS...... Material Licensing Tracking System

FTTS...... FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, &

Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

HSWDS...... Hazardous Substance Waste Disposal Site Inventory

AST...... Petroleum Bulk Storage

BROWNFIELDS DATABASES

Brownfields Site List

SURROUNDING SITES: SEARCH RESULTS

Surrounding sites were identified.

Elevations have been determined from the USGS Digital Elevation Model and should be evaluated on a relative (not an absolute) basis. Relative elevation information between sites of close proximity should be field verified. EDR's definition of a site with an elevation equal to the target property includes a tolerance of +/- 10 feet. Sites with an elevation equal to or higher than the target property have been differentiated below from sites with an elevation lower than the target property (by more than 10 feet). Page numbers and map identification numbers refer to the EDR Radius Map report where detailed data on individual sites can be reviewed.

Sites listed in bold italics are in multiple databases.

Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.

FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD

CERCLIS: The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System contains data on potentially hazardous waste sites that have been reported to the USEPA by states, municipalities, private companies and private persons, pursuant to Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA).

CERCLIS contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List (NPL) and sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL.

A review of the CERCLIS list, as provided by EDR, and dated 03/19/2003 has revealed that there are 2 CERCLIS sites within approximately 0.5 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
HERTEL AVE	S HERTEL RD 1000FTW MIL	1/4 - 1/2NW	26	95
MORGAN CHEMICALS INC	373 HERTEL AVE	1/4 - 1/2WNV	V 37	118

RCRIS: The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act database includes selected information on sites that generate, store, treat, or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Act. The source of this database is the U.S. EPA.

A review of the RCRIS-SQG list, as provided by EDR, and dated 09/09/2002 has revealed that there are 10 RCRIS-SQG sites within approximately 0.25 miles of the target property.

Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
164 CHANDLER ST	0 - 1/8 SW	A3	66
215 CHANDLER ST	0 - 1/8 E	14	80
260 CHANDLER ST	1/8 - 1/4 E	D15	80
302 GROTE ST	1/8 - 1/4 ESE	17	83
601 AMHERST ST	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E19	90
601 AMHERST ST SE 1ST F	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E21	91
601 AMHERST ST	1/8 - 1/4SE	E22	91
601 AMHERST	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E23	93
601 AMHERST ST - SW COR	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E24	94
601 AMHERST ST	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E25	94
	164 CHANDLER ST 215 CHANDLER ST 260 CHANDLER ST 302 GROTE ST 601 AMHERST ST 601 AMHERST ST SE 1ST F 601 AMHERST ST 601 AMHERST ST 601 AMHERST ST - SW COR	164 CHANDLER ST 0 - 1/8 SW 215 CHANDLER ST 0 - 1/8 E 260 CHANDLER ST 1/8 - 1/4 E 302 GROTE ST 1/8 - 1/4 ESE 601 AMHERST ST 5 1/8 - 1/4 SE 601 AMHERST ST 1/8 - 1/4 SE 601 AMHERST ST 1/8 - 1/4 SE 601 AMHERST ST - SW COR 1/8 - 1/4 SE	164 CHANDLER ST 0 - 1/8 SW A3 215 CHANDLER ST 0 - 1/8 E 14 260 CHANDLER ST 1/8 - 1/4 E D15 302 GROTE ST 1/8 - 1/4 E E19 601 AMHERST ST 5

STATE ASTM STANDARD

SHWS: The State Hazardous Waste Sites records are the states' equivalent to CERCLIS. These sites may or may not already be listed on the federal CERCLIS list. Priority sites planned for cleanup using state funds (state equivalent of Superfund) are identified along with sites where cleanup will be paid for by potentially responsible parties. The data come from the Department of Environmental Conservation's Inactive Hazardous waste Disposal Sites in New York State.

A review of the SHWS list, as provided by EDR, has revealed that there are 2 SHWS sites within approximately 1 mile of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
ANACONDA COMPANY/AMERICAN BRA	S 446 MILITARY ROAD	1/4 - 1/2 NW	38	119
Lower Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
MARCON ERECTORS INC	1 HOWELL ST	1/4 - 1/2S	30	100

LTANKS: Leaking Storage Tank Incident Reports. These records contain an inventory of reported leaking storage tank incidents reported from 4/1/86 through the most recent update. They can be either leaking underground storage tanks or leaking aboveground storage tanks. The causes of the incidents are tank test failures, tank failures or tank overfills

A review of the LTANKS list, as provided by EDR, and dated 01/01/2002 has revealed that there are 10 LTANKS sites within approximately 0.5 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
NIAGARA LUBRICANTS	164 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	A1	6
CITY OF BUFFALO PD	669 HERTEL AVENUE	1/4 - 1/2 NNE	27	95
GIOIA PASTA	1700 ELMWOOD AVE	1/4 - 1/2 E	28	96
SMITH METAL ARTS CO INC	1721 ELMWOOD AVE	1/4 - 1/2 E	29	98
NOCO ENERGY	357 MILITARY ROAD	1/4 - 1/2 NW	31	103
CITY SERVICE TAXI	1056 GRANT STREET	1/4 - 1/2WSW	32	106
CITGO	1602 ELMWOOD AVENUE	1/4 - 1/2 ESE	33	107
MOD-PAC CORP	1801 ELMWOOD AVE	1/4 - 1/2 ENE	34	108
CURBELL INC	777 HERTEL AVE	1/4 - 1/2NE	35	113
AMERICAN BRASS	70 SAYRE AVENUE	1/4 - 1/2NW	36	116

UST: The Underground Storage Tank database contains registered USTs. USTs are regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The data come from the Department of Environmental Conservation's Petroleum Bulk Storage (PBS) Database

A review of the UST list, as provided by EDR, and dated 01/01/2002 has revealed that there are 3 UST sites within approximately 0.25 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
NIAGARA LUBRICANT CO INC	164 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	A2	8
PHARGO,LLC DBA BUFFALO WEAVING	260 CHANDLER ST	1/8 - 1/4 E	D16	81
GAS STATION	600 AMHERST ST	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E18	87

NY VCP: Voluntary Cleanup Agreements. The voluntary remedial program uses private monies to get contaminated sites remediated to levels allowing for the sites' productive use. The program covers virtually any kind of site and contamination.

A review of the VCP list, as provided by EDR, and dated 03/03/2003 has revealed that there is 1 VCP site within approximately 0.5 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
601 AMHERST STREET	601 AMHERST STREET	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E20	90

STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

SPILLS: Data collected on spills reported to NYSDEC. is required by one or more of the following: Article 12 of the Navigation Law, 6 NYCRR Section 613.8 (from PBS regs), or 6 NYCRR Section 595.2 (from CBS regs). It includes spills active as of April 1, 1986, as well as spills occurring since this date.

A review of the NY Spills list, as provided by EDR, has revealed that there are 12 NY Spills sites

within approximately 0.125 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
NIAGARA LUBRICANTS	164 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	A1	6
NIAGARA LUBRICANT CO INC	164 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	A2	8
G & R MACHINE & EQUIP.	155 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 WSV	V A4	67
G AND R MACHINERY	155 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 WSV	V A5	68
BAKERY SALVAGE	CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	B6	69
SALVAGES	CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	B7	70
TRUCK AT OLD BAKERY SALVA	CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 SW	B8	72
NIAGARA LUBRICANT	142 CHANDLER	0 - 1/8 WSV	√ C9	73
K R K AUTO & BODY CENTER	140 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 W	C10	75
FIRE AT BAKERY SALVAGE	138 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 W	C11	76
BAKERY SALVAGE	132 CHANDLER STREET	0 - 1/8 W	C12	77
BAKERY SALVAGE	130 CHANDLER	0 - 1/8 W	C13	78

PROPRIETARY DATABASES

Former Manufactured Gas (Coal Gas) Sites:

The existence and location of Coal Gas sites is provided exclusively to EDR by Real Property Scan, Inc. Copyright 1993 Real Property Scan, Inc. For a technical description of the types of hazards which may be found at such sites, contact your EDR customer service representative

A review of the Coal Gas list, as provided by EDR, has revealed that there is 1 Coal Gas site within approximately 1 mile of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
PEOPLES GASLIGHT & COKE CO.	BRADLEY & DART	1/2 - 1 SSW	39	121

BROWNFIELDS DATABASES

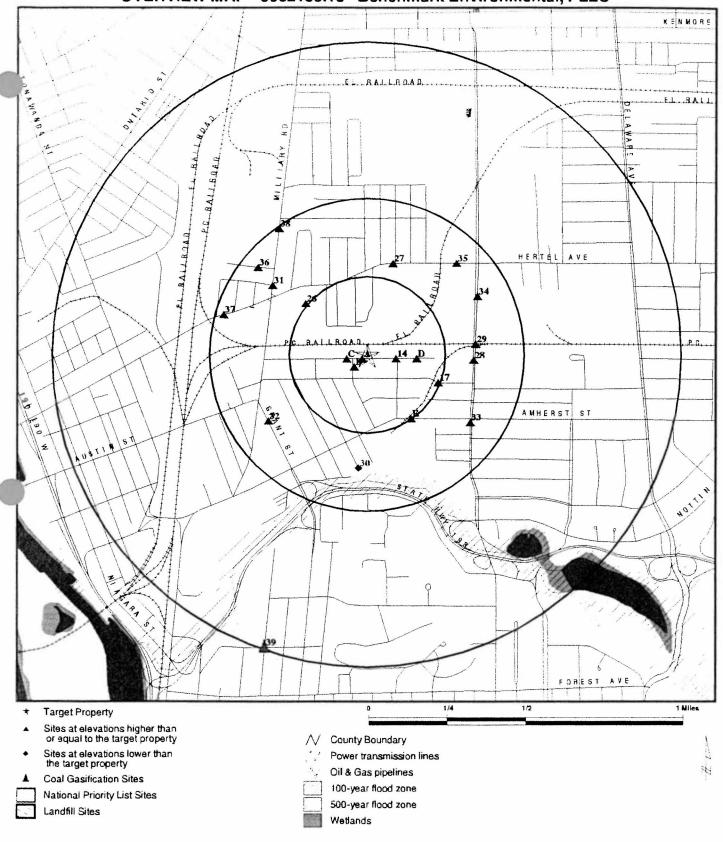
NY VCP: Voluntary Cleanup Agreements. The voluntary remedial program uses private monies to get contaminated sites remediated to levels allowing for the sites' productive use. The program covers virtually any kind of site and contamination.

A review of the VCP list, as provided by EDR, and dated 03/03/2003 has revealed that there is 1 VCP site within approximately 0.5 miles of the target property.

Equal/Higher Elevation	Address	Dist / Dir	Map ID	Page
601 AMHERST STREET	601 AMHERST STREET	1/8 - 1/4 SE	E20	90

Due to poor or inadequate address information, the following sites were not mapped:

Site Name	Database(s)
BUFFALO POLICE RADIO TOWE	LTANKS
UNKNOWN TRUCK	LTANKS
BUFFALO FIRE HOUSE #10	LTANKS
BUFFALO GENERAL HOSPITAL	LTANKS
BUFFALO FIRE HOUSE #26	LTANKS
B M H A - JASPER PARRISH BLOCK 1	RCRIS-SQG, FINDS
WBEN RADIO	RCRIS-SQG, FINDS
NYSDOT BIN 1-02273-0	FINDS, RCRIS-LQG
NYSDOT BIN 1-02261-0	FINDS, RCRIS-LQG
NYSDOT BIN 1-02277-0	FINDS, RCRIS-LQG
NYSDOT BIN 1-02271-0	FINDS, RCRIS-LQG
BRENTON - BLUE LIQUID	NY Spills
TAR ON ROAD	NY Spills
CITY OF BFLO PARKS DEPT	NY Spills
WARD TRUCKING	NY Spills
UPS/BUFFALO NIAGARA AIRPO	NY Spills
SUNY AT BUFFALO	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER DISCHARGE	NY Spills
BUFFALO FIRE HOUSE #22	NY Spills
BUFFALO STREETS & SANITAT	NY Spills
BOAT SUNK BUFFALO HARBOR	NY Spills
BUFFALO STATE COLLEGE	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER/ CROSSROADS	NY Spills
SHEEN ON BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
ASHLAND OIL HAZ WASTE SIT	NY Spills
CITY OF BUFFALO	NY Spills
BARGE BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
FIRE ENGINE #13 FIRE DEPT	NY Spills
BUFFALO SEWER AUTHORITY	NY Spills
BUFFALO PUBLIC SCHOOL	NY Spills
BUFFALO FUEL TRUCK	NY Spills
BUFFALO FOUNDRY	NY Spills
BUFFALO NAVAL SERV. PARK	NY Spills
CITY OF BUFFALO	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
OIL ON BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
CITY OF BUFFALO TRUCK	NY Spills
BUFFALO WESTSIDE POST OFC	NY Spills
BUFFALO STATE COLLEGE	NY Spills
SAFETY KLEEN CORP.	NY Spills NY Spills
CONRAIL	NY Spills
TRUCK ACCIDENT BUFFALO AND PITTSBURGH RR	NY Spills
SHEEN ON SCAJAQUADA	NY Spills
MARCON ERECTORS	NY Spills
OIL ON BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
SUNY AT BUFFALO	NY Spills
BUFFALO INNER HARBOR	NY Spills
BUFFALO RIVER	NY Spills
NATIONAL RECYCLING TRUCK	NY Spills
BUFFALO RAILROAD	NY Spills
SCAJAQUADA CREEK	NY Spills
SUNY BUFFALO NORTH CAMPUS	NY Spills
BUFFALO NEWS	NY Spills



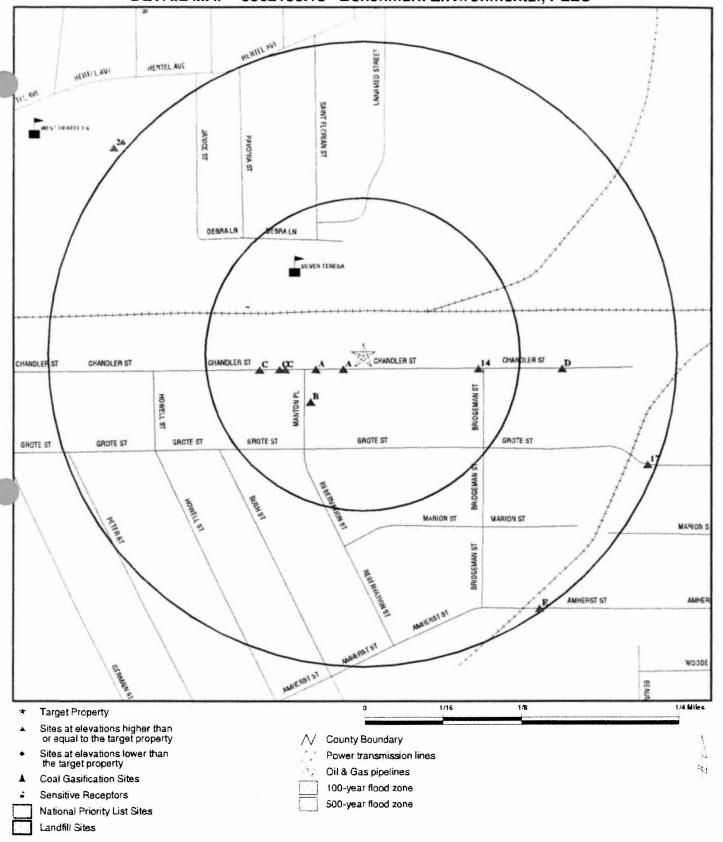
TARGET PROPERTY: ADDRESS: CITY/STATE/ZIP: LAT/LONG:

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co 260 Chandler Street Buffalo NY 14207 42.9435 / 78.8852 CUSTOMER: CONTACT: Benchmark Environmental, PLLC Bryan Hann

INQUIRY #: 0962135.1s DATE: April 17, 200

April 17, 2003 6:14 pm

DETAIL MAP - 0962135.1s - Benchmark Environmental, PLLC



TARGET PROPERTY: ADDRESS: CITY/STATE/ZIP: LAT/LONG:

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co 260 Chandler Street Buffalo NY 14207 42.9435 / 78.8852 CUSTOMER: CONTACT: INQUIRY #:

DATE:

Benchmark Environmental, PLLC Bryan Hann

#: 0962135.1s April 17, 2003 6:15 pm

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FOR BSA USE ONLY:	:
Date Application	Rec'd.: 2, - 7- %/
Permit Number:	
SIC Numbers:	
Investigator:	2,3
	V

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION B.P.D.E.S. DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION

-		
umber:		
nt than above):		
City	State	Zip
t than above):		
City	State	Zip
ıan Title:	V.P. & Gener	ral Manager
ndler Street, Bu	iffalo, NY	14207
t City	State	Zip
this application:	•	
Title: Plant	: Engineer p	hone:
r Day Phor	ne: <u>875-722</u> 3 n igh	it Phone: 833-
	•	
ns of this questionnaire confidentiality.	e that you wish to r	emain confident
and am familiar with the my inquiry of those inc		
J 1 J 5 J 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	City t than above): City t than above): City Ian Title: ndler Street, But City this application: Title: Plant se of emergency: Name:r Day Phor ns of this questionnaire confidentiality.	City State t than above): City State Title: V.P. & General City State In Title: V.P. & General City State Total City State This application: Title: Plant Engineer processes of emergency: Name: John Stephens Total City State The C

PART B - BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

PURPOSE - The business description is primarily used to determine the substances which may enter into the wastewater discharge from the business activity. Brief Description: Textile Webbings & Mechanical Rubber Manufacturers B1. B2. Business Activity: Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Codes for Principal Products or Services: SIC Code (4 Digits) Production (Monthly Avg.)* Activity Mechanical Rubber Goods 114.597 lbs. 220 2241 Woven Belt 35.641 lbs. В3. B4. Yes ____ Naxx If yes, explain, indicating month(s) of peak Is production seasonal? production: Average number of employees per shift: 1st 50B5. 2nd 3rd Shift start times: 1st 7:00 am 2nd 3rd 1st 3:30 pm Shift end times: 2nd 3rd Shifts normally worked each day: Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat. Х Χ 1st X 2nd

3rd

^{*} Monthly average stated shall be the highest monthly average production in the previous five years.

PART C - WATER SOURCE AND USE

PURPOSE - The Water Source and Use information will enable BSA to determine the Volumes and Sources of wastewater discharged to the BSA sewer.

WATER	R/WASTEWATER DATA				
C1.	Water Sources	Avg. Volume (Gallons per Day)	Peak Flow/Est'd. Duration (Gallons per Minute/Time)		
	Municipal System	35,000	Continuous		
	Recycled	90,000	u		
	Private Wells	_	11		
	Other (Specify)		11		
C2.	Water Usage	Avg. Volume (Gallons per Day)	Peak Flow/Est'd. Duration (Gallons per Minute/Time)		
	Cooling Water	100,000	Continuous		
	Boiler Makeup	1,000	11		
	Process Water	0	11		
	Sanitary Purposes	3,500	II .		
	Other (Specify)	1,000	11		
С3.	Water Discharge/Retention	Avg. Discharge (Gallons per Day)	Peak Discharge/Est'd Duration (Gallons per Minute/Time)		
	Municipal Sewer/Sanitary				
	- Process	0	Continuous		
	- Sanitary	3,500	II .		
	- Cooling	20,000	†I		
	Natural Receiving Water/ Storm Drain	0	-		
	Waste Hauler	. 0			
	Evaporation	400			
	Contained in Product	0			
	Recycled	200			
	Humidifi Other (Specify) <u>Boiler</u> B	ers 600 lowdown			
C4.	Is your facility permitted the Federal (N.P.D.E.S.) permit?	o discharge liquid wastes under YesNo_X Permit No	r a State (S.P.D.E.S.) or		
C5.	Does your facility have sour	ces of possible emissions to the	e atmosphere? Yes <u>x</u> No		
C6.		code as shown on your Air Pollu			

PART D - SUBSTANCES OF CONCERN

(REFER TO ATTACHED TABLE I)

Complete all information for those substances your facility has used, produced, stored, distributed or otherwise disposed of since last application. Do not include chemicals used only in analytical laboratory work. Enter the name and code from Table I. If facility uses a substance in any of the Classes A-M which is not specified in the list, enter it as code class plus 99, e.g. B99 with name, usage, etc.

Name of Substance	Class	Average Annual Usage	Amount Now on Hand	Purpose of Use (State whether produced, reacted, blended,packaged, distributed, no longer used, etc.)
Fire Brake Z.B.	M13	3240 lbs	14 1bs	Blended in Rubber
III Trichlorethane	A07	660 gal	110 gal	H H H
Toluene	D02	220 "	220 "	11 11 11
Napthalene	D05	880 "	110 "	21 11 11
Petroleum Tar	E02	110 "	55 "	a n n
Acrylonitrile	G03	5185 Lb	1865 Lb.	11 13 11
Antimony	M01	1500 "	500 "	11 11 11
				-
				-
			,	

fOl. Coal tar

TABLE I - SUBSTANCES OF CONCERN

	TABLE 1 - SUBSTANCES	DI CONCENN	
CLASS A - HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS	CLASS B - HALOGENATED ORGANICS (other than hydrocarbons)	CLASS C - PESTICIDES (including herbicides, algaecides, biocides,	CLASS F - SUBSTITUTED AROMATICS (other than hydrocarbons and
AO1. Methyl chloride		slimicides and mildewoides)	non-halogenated)
AO2. Methylene chloride	BO1. Phosgene		
AO3. Chloroform	BO2. Methyl chloromethyl ether	CO1. Aldrin/Dieldrin	FO1. Phenol, cresol, or xylenol
AO4. Carbon tetrachloride	BO3. bis-chloromethyl ether	CO2. Chlordane and metabolites	FO2. Catechol, resorcinol, or
AO5. Freon/Genatron	BO4. Other chloroalkyl ethers	CO3. DDT and metabolites	hydroquinone
AO6. Other halomethanes	BO5. Benzoyl chloride	CO4. Endosulfan/Thiodan and	FO3. Nitrophenols
AO7. 1, 1, 1-Trichlorethane	BO6. Chlorothymol	metabolites	FO4. Nitrobenzenes
AO8. Other haleothanes	BO7. Chlorinated phenol	CO5. Endrin and metabolites	FO5. Nitrotoluenes
AO9. Vinyl fluoride	BO8. Chlorinated cresols or xylenols	CO6. Heptachlor and metabolites	FO6. Aniline
AlO. Vinyl chloride	BO9. Chlorendic acid	CO7. Malathion	FO7. Toluidines
All. Dichlorethylene	B10. Chloraryl ethers	CO8. Methoxychlor	FO8. Nitroanilines
Al2. Trichloroethylene	Bll. Dichlorophene or hexachlorophene	CO9. Parathion	FO9. Nitroanisole
Al3. Tetrachloroethylene	B12. Chlorinated aniline (including	C10. Toxaphene	F10. Toluene diisocyanâte
Al4. Chlorinated propane	methylene bis (2-chloroaniline))	Cll. Sevin	F11. Dimethylaminoazobenzene
Al5. Chlorinated propene	B13. Dichlorobenzidine	Cl2. Kelthane	F12. Benzoic Acid (and Benzoate
Al6. Hexachlorobutadiene	B14. Chlorinated diphenyl oxide	Cl3. Diazinon	salts)
Al7. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	B15. Chlorinated toluidine	Cl5. Carbaryl	F13. Phthalic, isophthalic or
Al8. Chlorinated benzene	B16. Kepone (C ₁₀ C1 ₁₀ O)	Cl6. Silvex	terephthalic acid
Al9. Chlorinated toluene	B17. Dichlorovinyl sulfonyl pyridine	C17. Dithiocarbamates	F14. Phthalic anhydride
A20. Fluorinated toluene	B18. Chloropicrin	C18. Maneb	F15. Phthalate esters
A21. Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB)	B2O. Tricloro-propylsulfonyl pyridine	C19 Dioxathion	F16. Phenoxyacetic acid
A22. Chlorinated naphthalene	B21. Tetrachloro-methylsulfonyl pyridine	C2O. Tandex/Karbutilate	F17. Phenylphenols
A23. Dechlorane (C ₁₀ Cl ₁₂)	B22. Tetrachloro-isophthalonitrile	C21. Carbofurans	F18. Nitrobiphenyls
A99. Halogenated hydrocarbons not	B99. Halogenated organics not specified	C22. Pentac	F19. Aminobiphenyls (including
specified above	above	C23. Folpet	benzidine)
	CLASS G - MISCELLANEOUS	C24. Dichlone	F20. Diphenylhydrazine
CLASS D - AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS	GO1. Asbestos	C25. Rotenone	F21. Naphthylamines
DO1. Benzene	GO2. Acrolein	C26. Lindane/Isotox	F22. Carbazole
DO2. Toluene	GO3. Acrylonitrile	C27. Simazine	F23. Acetylaminofluorene
DO3. Xylene	-	C28. Methoprene	F24. Dyes and organic pigments
DO4. Biphenyl	GO4. Isophorone GO5. Nitrosamines	C99. Pesticides not specified	F25. Pyridine
DO5. Naphthalene	GO6. Ethyleneimine	above	F99. Substituted aromatics not
DO6. Ethylbenzene	GO7. Propiolactone		specified above
DO7. Styrene	GO8. Nitrosodimethylamine	CLASS M - METALS AND THEIR COMPOUN	ns.
DO8. Acenaphthene	GO9. Dimethyl hydrazine	CENTS II THE THE THE CONTROL	
DO9. Fluoranthene	G10. Maleic anhydride	MO1. Antimony MO7. Lead	M13. Zinc $\underline{\underline{w}}$
D99. Aromatic hydrocarbons not	G11. Methyl isocyanate	MO2. Arsenic MO8. Mercury	M13. Zinc M14. Boron M15. Manganese
specified above	G12. Epoxides	MO3. Beryllium MO9. Nickel	M15. Manganese
CLASS E - TARS	G13. Nitrofurans	MO4. Cadmium M10. Selenium _	M99. Metals not specified above
Martin and Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-		MO5. Chromium MII. Silver	05
for (ma) tar	G14. Cyanide	MOS Compor M12 Thallium	

MO6. Copper

M12. Thallium

If you use chemicals of unknown composition, list trade name or other identification, name of supplier and complete information.

Name of Substance	Average Annual Usage	Amount Now on Hand	Supplier	Purpose of Use (State whether produced, re- acted, blended, packaged, distributed, no longer used)
	·			

	PART E
•	Do you have automatic sampling equipment or continuous wastewater flow metering equipment currently in use or included in future plans?
	Current: Flow Metering Yes No X Sampling Equipment Yes No X
	Planned: Flow Metering Yes No_X Sampling Equipment Yes No_X
	Does your facility pretreat any wastewater prior to discharge to a sanitary sewer? YesNo
	If so, please show locations of pretreatment processes on attached schematic process diagram
	(PART F) and describe below:
	Do you have a spill prevention, containment and control plan (SPCC) for your plant? YesN
	Do you have a spill prevention, containment and control plan (SPCC) for your plant? YesN Do you generate any liquid or solid waste such as solvents, electroplating sludges, thinners oils, still bottoms, fly ash, filler, etc? Yes_x_No If yes, please fill out the following table.
•	Do you have a spill prevention, containment and control plan (SPCC) for your plant? Yes

	If this waste is			ethod o	of Disp Descr		low
Type of Waste	produced by pretreatment check here	Amount per Year (Specify lbs, Tons or Gals)	On-Site	Municipal Landfill	Hazardous Waste Hauler	Reclaimed or Reused	Other
					Х		
·							

	b.	Hazardous Waste Hauler - Please give name and address Safety-Kleen Corp.
		777 Big Timber Road, Elgin, Illinois 60123
	с.	Reclaimed or Reused - Please describe process, if on-site, or give name and address of
		reclaimer
	d.	Other - Please describe
E6.	Do	you store any hazardous wastes on-site? Yes <u>x</u> No
E6. E7.	Hav	you store any hazardous wastes on-site? Yes X No e you filed an EPA Form 8700-12 (Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity)? Yes X No yes, please attach.

PART F - SCHEMATIC FLOW DIAGRAM

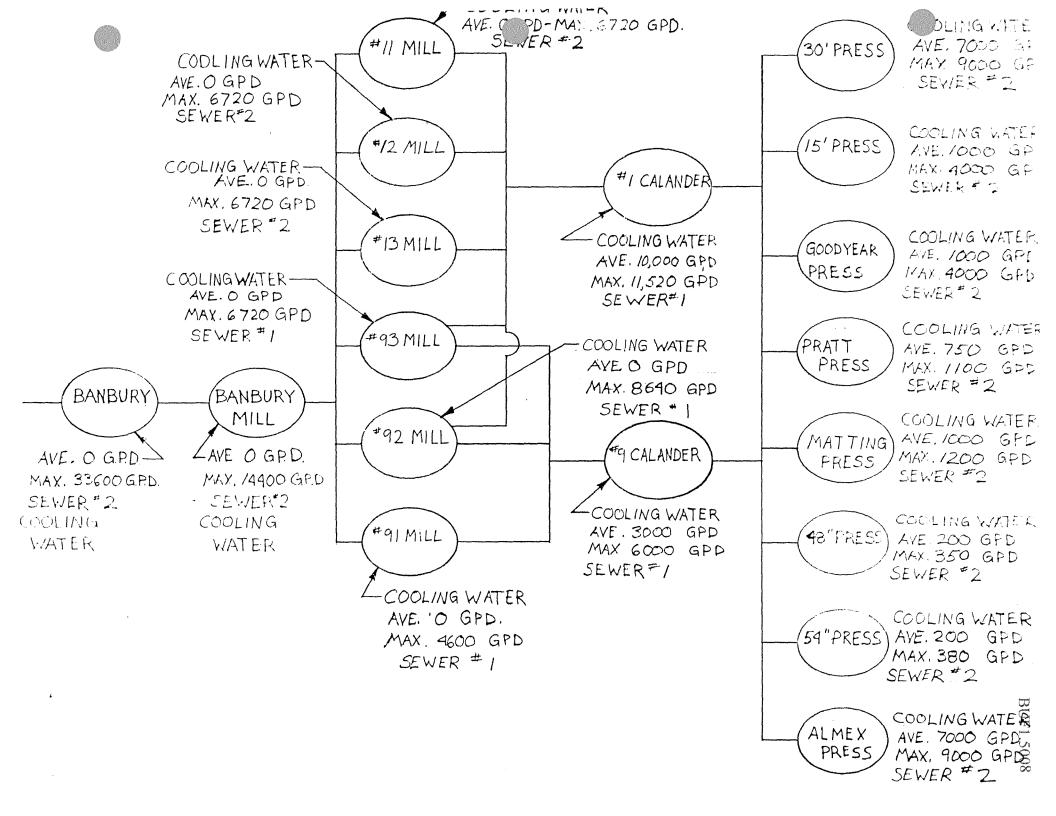
PURPOSE - The Schematic Flow Diagram shows the flow pattern of products through the facility and the various sources of wastewater.

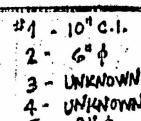
F. Schematic Flow Diagram - For each major activity in which wastewater is generated, draw a diagram of the flow of materials and water from start to completed project, showing all unit processes generating wastewater. Number each unit process having wastewater discharges to the community sewer.

General Instructions - Type or print the information. A separate Part F should be completed for each major business activity described in Part B.

A line drawing (schematic flow diagram) of each major business activity described in Part B is to be drawn in on an attached sheet of paper (all sheets should be letter size). Number each process which generates wastewater using the same numbering as in the building layout or plant site plan shown in Part G. An example of drawing required is shown in Figure 1.

To determine your average daily volume and maximum daily volume of wastewater flow you may have to read water meters, sewer meters, or make estimates of volumes that are not directly measureable.

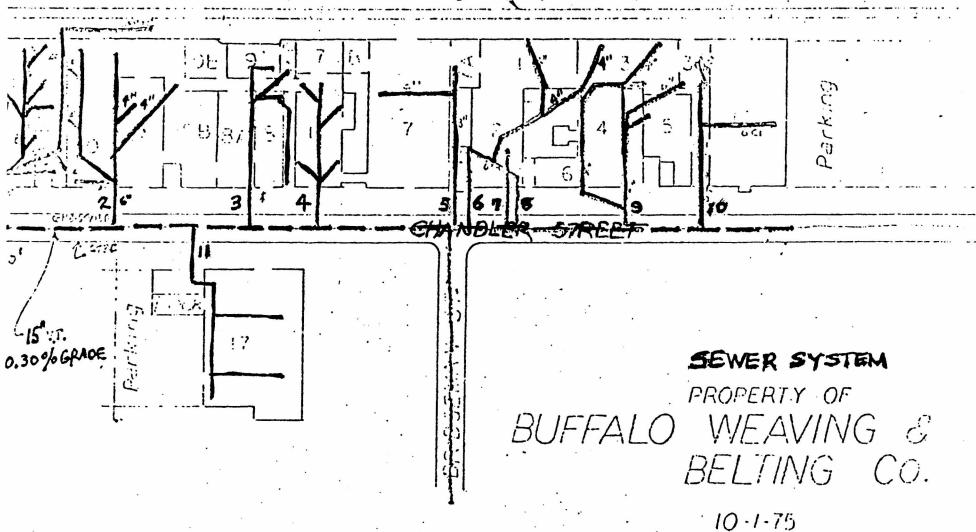




#7 - 6"\$ 9 - 6"\$ 10 - 6"\$ T.



RR Siding - S

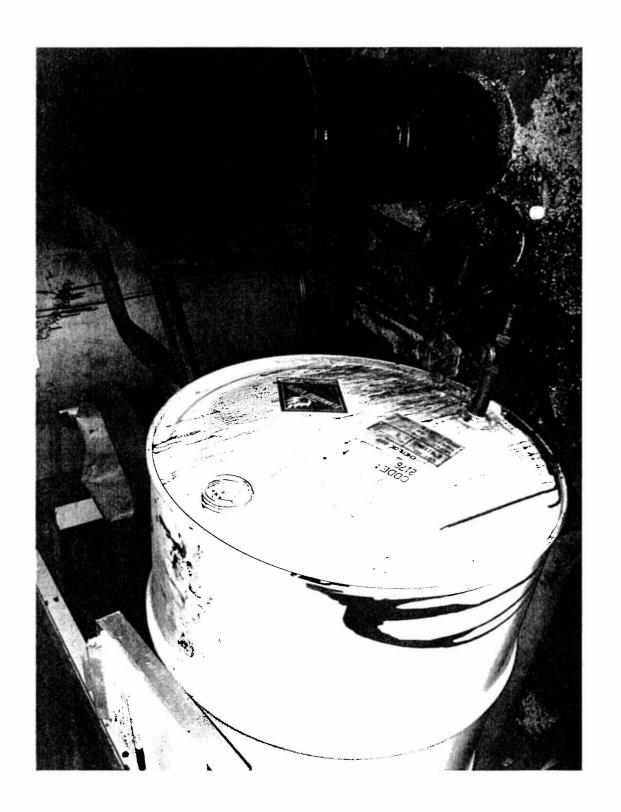




LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Buffalo Economic Re 617 Main Street Buffalo, NY 14203 Attention: Peter Schiralli		naissance Corporation		Date: Re:	April 18, 2003 Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site Photographs	
We are sending	g you 🗸 Enclosed	l □ Under separ	ate cover via 💢	Mail	☐ Messenger, the following items:	
□ shop	drawings	□ prints	□ data sheets	✓	Photographs - March 28, 2003	
□ specif	fications	□ sketches	□ brochures			
	Our action re	elative to items submitte	ed for approval has bee	n noted on t	the drawings.	
COPIES	PREPARED BY	REFERENCE NO.		DESC	CRIPTION	
1	MPI		Site Photographs Tal	ken on Marc	ch 28, 2003	
				·		
)						
THESE ARE	TRANSMITTED AS CH	ECKED BELOW:				
	quested	□ Approv				
□ For your use□ For review & comment		Approved as CorrectedRevise and Resubmit				
□ For y	our information	□ Not Ap	proved			
	et me know if there's any	thing else that I can help	with on the project		through the building on March 28,	
		Very truly yours.	(Copies:		

Daniel E. Riker, P.G. Project Hydrogeologist

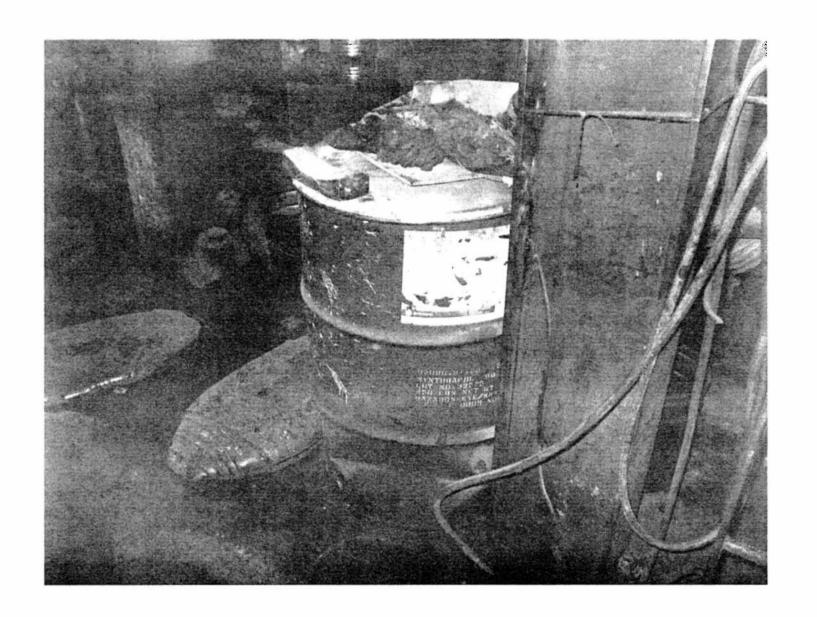






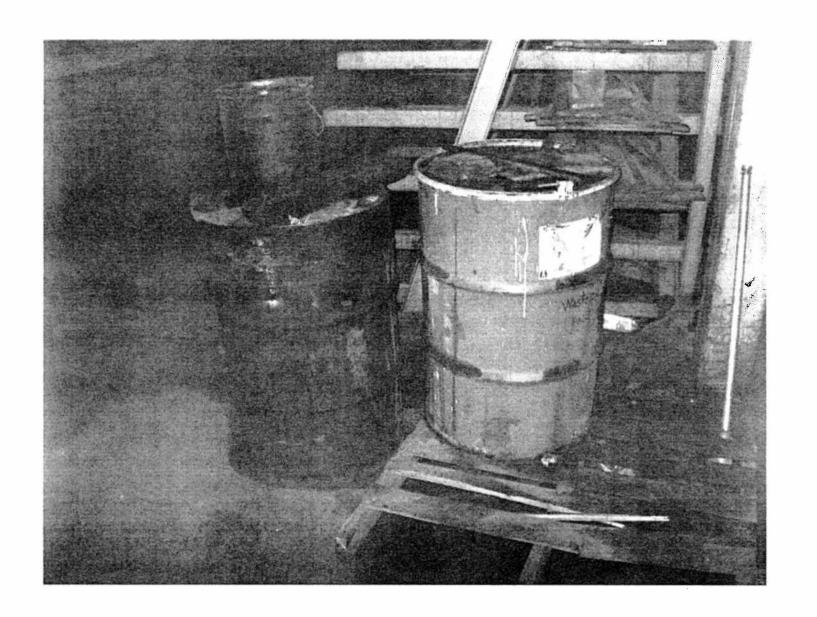






BUF1.6006





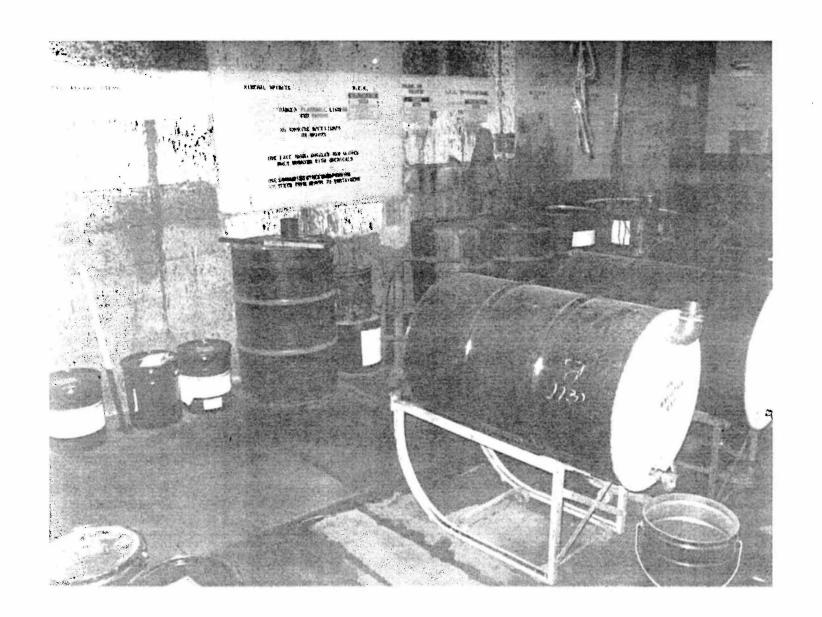




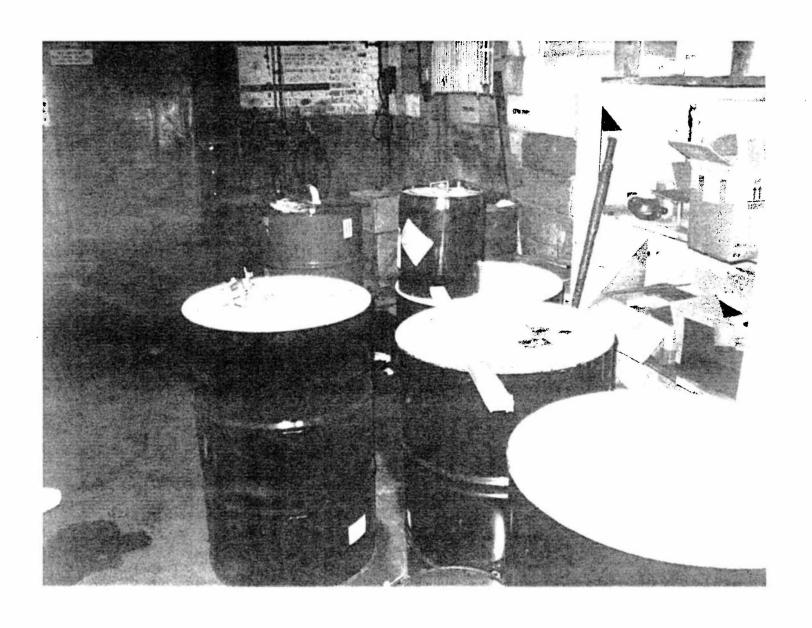




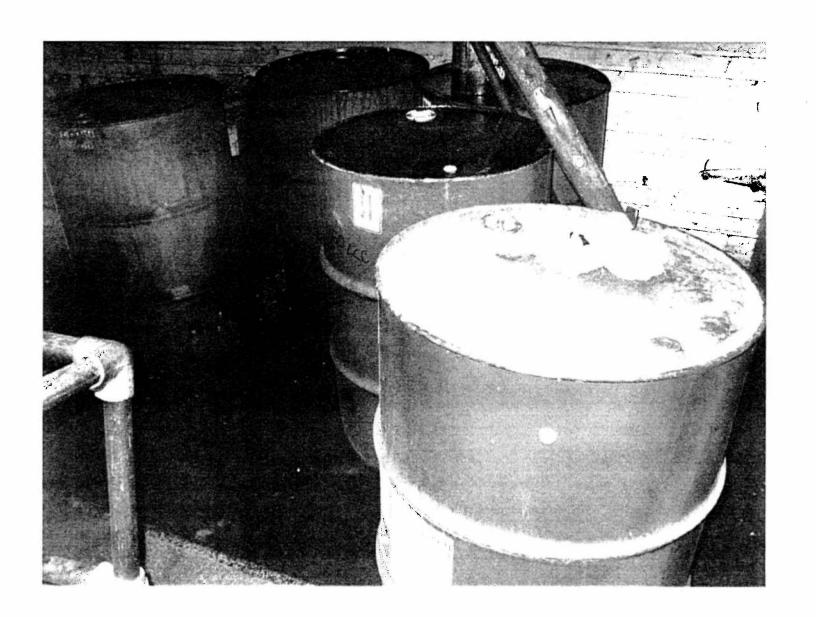






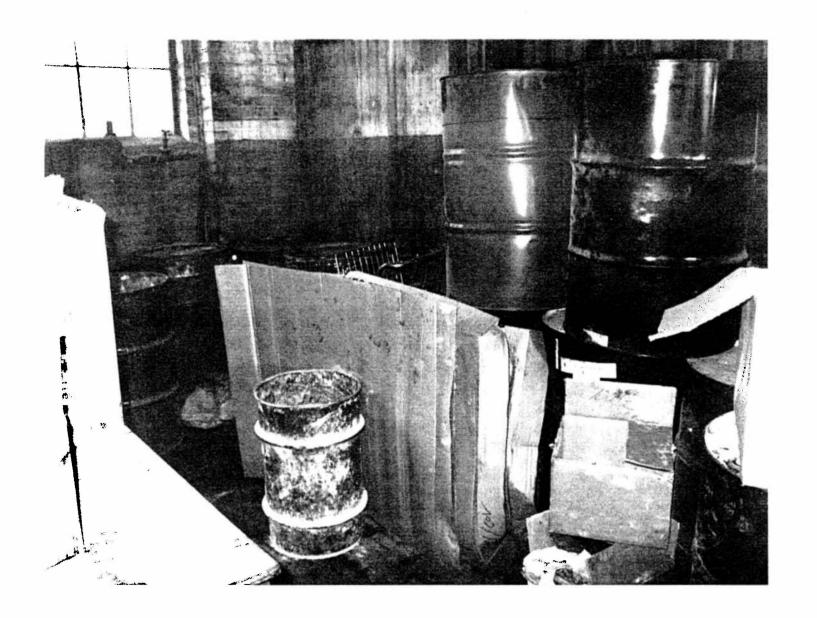
















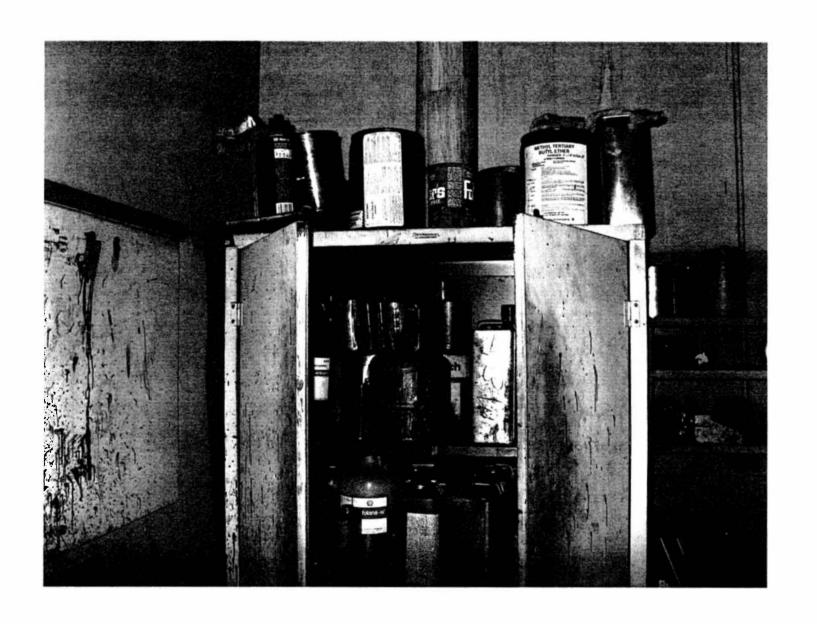












Bw & 21

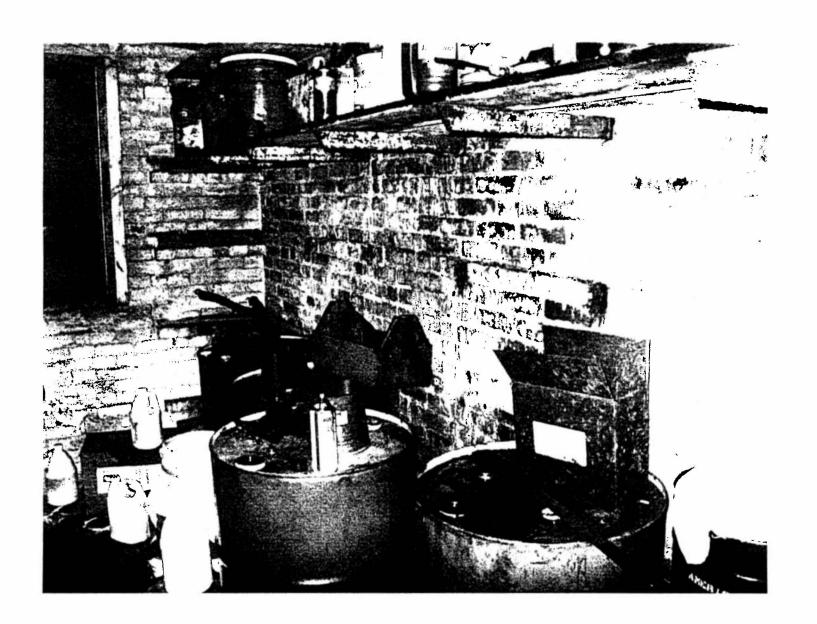


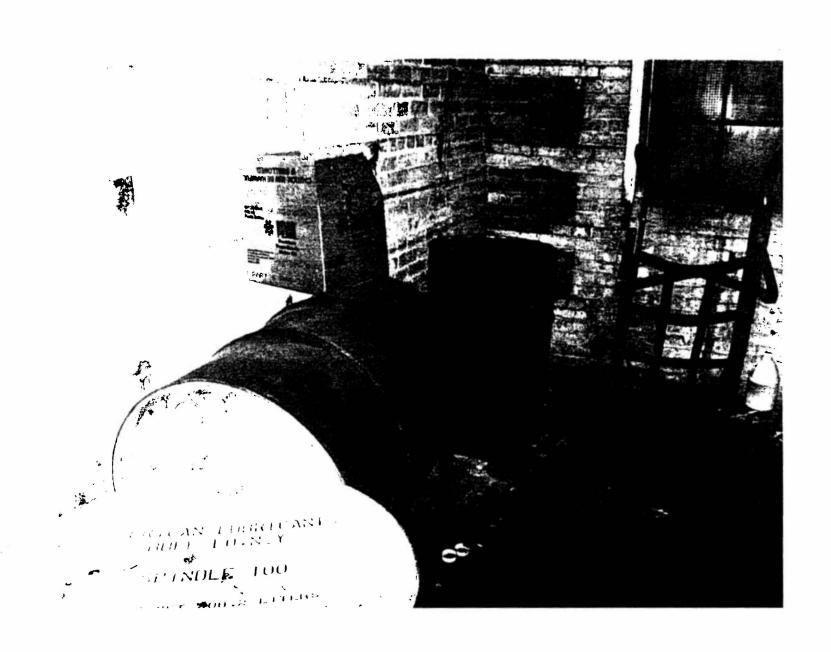


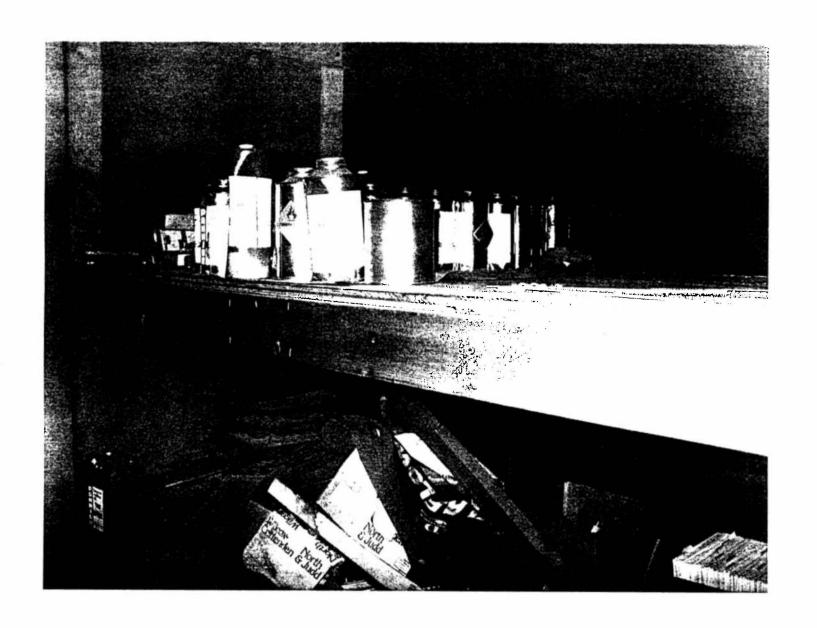




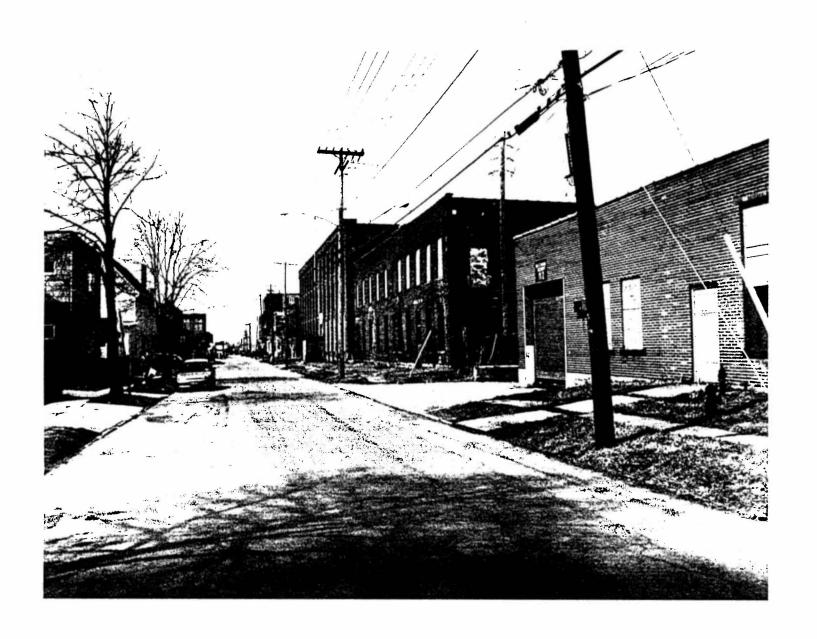
















REMOVAL SUPPORT TEAM EPA CONTRACT 68-W-00-113 Weston Solutions, Inc.
Federal Programs Division
Suite 201
1090 King Georges Post Road
Edison, New Jersey 08837-3703
732-225-6116 • Fax 732-225-7037
www.westonsolutions.com

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Kevin Matheis, USEPA

FR:

Michael Mahnkopf, Weston Solutions, Inc. M.M.4/22/03

DATE:

April 22, 2003

RE:

Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co., Buffalo, New York

On April 21, 2003, Weston's Removal Support Team (RST) performed radiation scans at the following locations of the Buffalo Weaving & Belting site. The scans were performed utilizing a Ludlum Model 19 Micro R radiation meter.

- 1. The rear exterior portion of the burnt building adjacent to the railroad tracks enclosed by the jersey barriers. All reading were 9-14 uR/hr (background).
- 2. The front exterior portion of the burnt building along Chandler Street enclosed by the jersey barriers. All readings were 9-13 uR/hr (background).

RST also performed air monitoring throughout the rear exterior portion of the burnt building adjacent to the railroad tracks enclosed by the jersey barriers. RST utilized a 5-gas Multi-Rae meter. Results were as follows: LEL = 0; CO = 0; $H_2S = 0$; VOC = 0; and $O_2 = 20.9\%$.

Also attached are the results of the particulate monitoring performed utilizing data rams ID No. 2414 and ID No. 2636. Data ram ID No. 2414 was placed at the northeast corner doorway (No. 15) located at the rear portion of the burnt building enclosed by the jersey barriers. Data ram ID No. 2636 was placed at the northwest corner doorway located at the rear portion of the burnt building enclosed by the jersey barriers.



DataRAM ID# 2414
Tag Number 1
Number of logged points 369
Start time (hr:min:sec_day/mon/yr) 10:34:31 21-Apr-03
Elapsed time (hr:min:sec) 06:09:00
Averaging Time (sec) 10
Logging period (hr:min:sec) 00:01:00
CalFactor (%) 100
StelConc (ug/m3) 0.0
STEL occurrence after start (hr:min:sec) 00:00:00
Overall AvgConc (ug/m3) 1.1
Overall MaxConc (ug/m3) 3.3 at Point#303
Overall MinConc (ug/m3) 0.1 at Point#1
ug/m3

Point Label	"Min"	"Avg"	"Max"
4/21/2003 10:35	0.1	0.2	0.3
4/21/2003 10:36	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:37	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:38	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:39	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:40	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:41	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:42	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:43	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:44	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:45	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:46	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:47	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:48	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:49	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:50	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 10:51	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:52	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 10:53	0.6	0.7	1.3
4/21/2003 10:54	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:55	8.0	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 10:56	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:57	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:58	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 10:59	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:00	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 11:01	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:02	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 11:03	0.7	0.8	1.5
4/21/2003 11:04	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:05	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 11:06	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:07	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:08	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:09	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 11:10	0.9	1	1.9

4/21/2003 11:11 4/21/2003 11:13 4/21/2003 11:14 4/21/2003 11:15 4/21/2003 11:16 4/21/2003 11:17 4/21/2003 11:18 4/21/2003 11:19 4/21/2003 11:20 4/21/2003 11:21 4/21/2003 11:21 4/21/2003 11:22 4/21/2003 11:23 4/21/2003 11:25 4/21/2003 11:25 4/21/2003 11:25 4/21/2003 11:26 4/21/2003 11:27 4/21/2003 11:28 4/21/2003 11:29 4/21/2003 11:30 4/21/2003 11:30 4/21/2003 11:31 4/21/2003 11:32 4/21/2003 11:33 4/21/2003 11:35 4/21/2003 11:35 4/21/2003 11:35 4/21/2003 11:36 4/21/2003 11:37 4/21/2003 11:38 4/21/2003 11:39 4/21/2003 11:39 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:41 4/21/2003 11:45 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:56 4/21/2003 11:56 4/21/2003 11:57 4/21/2003 11:56 4/21/2003 11:57 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50	1.3 0.8 0.9 0.8 0.9 0.8 0.9 1 0.8 0.9 1 1.1 1.1 1.1 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1	1.4 0.9 0.9 1.1 0.9 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	2.7 1.7 1.9 1.7 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3
4/21/2003 12:02	1.2	1.3	2.5

4/21/2003 12:03	1.5	1.6	3.1
4/21/2003 12:04	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:05	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003 12:06	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:07	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:08	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:09	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:10	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:11	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:12	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:13	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:14	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:15	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:16	1.1	1.2	2.3
	1.2		
4/21/2003 12:17		1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:18	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:19	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:20	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:21	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:22	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:23	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003 12:24			
	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:25	1.4	1.5	2.9
4/21/2003 12:26	1.4	1.5	2.9
4/21/2003 12:27	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:28	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003 12:29	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:30	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003 12:31	1.4	1.5	2.9
4/21/2003 12:31	1.4	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:33	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:34	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:35	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:36	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 12:37	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:38	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:39	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:40		1	1.9
	0.9		
4/21/2003 12:41	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 12:42	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 12:43	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:44	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:45	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:46	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:47	1.1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:48	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:49	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:50	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:51	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 12:52	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 12:53	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 12:54	1	1.1	2.1
	•		٠.١

4/21/2003 13:47	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 13:48	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:49	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:50	8.0	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:51	8.0	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:52	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:53	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 13:54	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 13:55	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:56	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 13:57	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:58	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 13:59	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 14:00	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 14:01	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 14:02	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 14:03	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 14:04	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 14:05	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 14:06	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 14:07	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:08	0.8	0.9	1.7
4/21/2003 14:09	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:10	0.9	1	1.9
4/21/2003 14:11	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:12	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:13	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:14	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:15	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:16 4/21/2003 14:17	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:17	1.1 1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:19	0.9	1.1 1	2.1 1.9
4/21/2003 14:19	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:21	0.9	1.3	1.9
4/21/2003 14:22	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:23	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:24	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003 14:25	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:26	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:27	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:28	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:29	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:30	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:31	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:32	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:33	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:34	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003 14:35	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:36	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003 14:37	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003 14:38	1.2	1.3	2.5

4/21/2003 14:39 4/21/2003 14:40 4/21/2003 14:41 4/21/2003 14:43 4/21/2003 14:44 4/21/2003 14:45 4/21/2003 14:45 4/21/2003 14:46 4/21/2003 14:49 4/21/2003 14:50 4/21/2003 14:51 4/21/2003 14:53 4/21/2003 14:53 4/21/2003 14:54 4/21/2003 14:55 4/21/2003 14:55 4/21/2003 14:56 4/21/2003 14:59 4/21/2003 15:00 4/21/2003 15:01 4/21/2003 15:02 4/21/2003 15:02 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:05 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:10 4/21/2003 15:12 4/21/2003 15:12 4/21/2003 15:15 4/21/2003 15:15 4/21/2003 15:15 4/21/2003 15:15 4/21/2003 15:20 4/21/2003 15:20 4/21/2003 15:20 4/21/2003 15:22 4/21/2003 15:23 4/21/2003 15:25	1.2 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.3 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	2.5 2.7 2.5 2.3 2.7 2.9 3.1 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9
4/21/2003 15:23 4/21/2003 15:24	1.3 1.4	1.4 1.5	2.7 2.9
	47	1.0	۷. ک

4/21/2003 15:31 4/21/2003 15:32 4/21/2003 15:33 4/21/2003 15:35 4/21/2003 15:35 4/21/2003 15:36 4/21/2003 15:37 4/21/2003 15:39 4/21/2003 15:40 4/21/2003 15:41 4/21/2003 15:41 4/21/2003 15:42 4/21/2003 15:43 4/21/2003 15:45 4/21/2003 15:45 4/21/2003 15:45 4/21/2003 15:45 4/21/2003 15:45 4/21/2003 15:50 4/21/2003 15:50 4/21/2003 15:51 4/21/2003 15:51 4/21/2003 15:52 4/21/2003 15:55 4/21/2003 15:55 4/21/2003 15:55 4/21/2003 15:56 4/21/2003 15:57 4/21/2003 15:57 4/21/2003 15:59 4/21/2003 15:59 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:00 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:05 4/21/2003 16:05 4/21/2003 16:05 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01 4/21/2003 16:01	1.3 1.5 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.6 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.4 1.6 1.5 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	2.7 3.1 2.9 2.9 2.7 3.3 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.9 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7
4/21/2003 16:15 4/21/2003 16:16	1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.3	1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	2.7 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.7
4/21/2003 16:21	1.2 1.2	1.3 1.3	2.5 2.5

4/21/2003	16:23	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003	16:24	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003	16:25	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:26	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003	16:27	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:28	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:29	1.3	1.4	2.7
4/21/2003	16:30	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:31	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003	16:32	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:33	1.2	1.3	2.5
4/21/2003	16:34	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:35	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:36	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:37	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:38	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:39	1.1	1.2	2.3
4/21/2003	16:40	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003	16:41	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003	16:42	1	1.1	2.1
4/21/2003	16:43	1.1	1.2	2.3

DataRAM ID# 2636
Tag Number 1
Number of logged points 362
Start time (hr:min:sec_day/mon/yr) 10:51:21 21-Apr-03
Elapsed time (hr:min:sec) 06:02:00
Averaging Time (sec) 1
Logging period (hr:min:sec) 00:01:00
CalFactor (%) 100
StelConc (ug/m3) 0.0
STEL occurrence after start (hr:min:sec) 00:00:00
Overall AvgConc (ug/m3) 0.0
Overall MaxConc (ug/m3) 0.0 at Point#0
Overall MinConc (ug/m3) 0.0 at Point#1
ug/m3

Point Label	"Min"	"Avg"	"Max"
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4/21/2003 10:55	0	0	0
4/21/2003 10:56	0	0	0
4/21/2003 10:57	0	0	0
4/21/2003 10:58	0	0	0
4/21/2003 10:59	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:00	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:01	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:02	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:03	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:04	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:05	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:06	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:07	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:08	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:09	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:10	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:11	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:12	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:13	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:14	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:15	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:16	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:17	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:18	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:19	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:20	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 11:22	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:23	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:24	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:25	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:26	0	0	0
4/21/2003 11:27	0	0	0

4/21/2003 11:28 4/21/2003 11:30 4/21/2003 11:31 4/21/2003 11:32 4/21/2003 11:33 4/21/2003 11:35 4/21/2003 11:35 4/21/2003 11:36 4/21/2003 11:37 4/21/2003 11:38 4/21/2003 11:39 4/21/2003 11:40 4/21/2003 11:41 4/21/2003 11:42 4/21/2003 11:43 4/21/2003 11:44 4/21/2003 11:45 4/21/2003 11:45 4/21/2003 11:46 4/21/2003 11:47 4/21/2003 11:48 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:50 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 11:55 4/21/2003 12:01 4/21/2003 12:01 4/21/2003 12:00 4/21/2003 12:01 4/21/2003 12:05 4/21/2003 12:05 4/21/2003 12:06 4/21/2003 12:10 4/21/2003 12:10 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:11 4/21/2003 12:15 4/21/2003 12:15 4/21/2003 12:15 4/21/2003 12:15			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
4/21/2003 12:14	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:18 4/21/2003 12:19	0 0	0 0	0 0

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4/21/2003 12:21	Ö	0	Ö
4/21/2003 12:22	0	Ö	Ö
4/21/2003 12:23	Ö	0	Ő
4/21/2003 12:24	Ö	0	Ö
4/21/2003 12:25	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:26	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:27	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:28	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:29	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:30	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 12:37	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:38	0	0	0
4/21/2003 12:39	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 12:42	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:00	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:01 4/21/2003 13:02	0	0	0
	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:03	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:05	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:07	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:09	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:10	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:13	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:15	Ö	0	0
4/21/2003 13:16			
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4/21/2003 13:17	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:23	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:24	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:25	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:26	0	0	Ō
4/21/2003 13:27	Ö	Ö	0
4/21/2003 13:28	Ö	0	0
4/21/2003 13:29	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:29	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:31	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 13:42	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:43	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:44	0	0	0
4/21/2003 13:45	Ö	Ö	0
4/21/2003 13:46	Ö	Ö	0
4/21/2003 13:47	0	Ö	0
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4/21/2003 14:00	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:01	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:02	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:03	0	0	0

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4/21/2003 14:06	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:07	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:08	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 14:14	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:15	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:16	0	Ö	Ö
4/21/2003 14:17	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:17	0	0	0
	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:19			
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4/21/2003 14:35	0	0	0
4/21/2003 14:36	Ō	Ö	0
4/21/2003 14:37	0	Ö	Ö
4/21/2003 14:38	0	Ö	Ö
4/21/2003 14:39	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 14:41	0 0	0	0
		0	0
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4/21/2003 15:07	0	0	0
4/21/2003 15:08	0	0	0
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4/21/2003 15:28	Ö	Ö	Ö
4/21/2003 15:29	Ö	Ö	Ö
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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

MAY - 1 2003

DATE:

SUBJECT: Documentation of Verbal Authorization and Request for a Ceiling Increase for a

Removal Action at the Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company Site, Buffalo, Erie

County, New York

Revin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator FROM:

Removal Action Branch

TO:

George Pavlou, Director,

Emergency and Remedial Response Division

THRU:

Richard C. Salkie, Chief

Removal Action Branch

Site ID #: TU

T. **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this Action Memorandum is to document the verbal authorization received to initiate a removal action and to request a ceiling increase to conduct the proposed removal activities described herein at the Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company Site (Site) in Buffalo, Erie County, New York. On April 18, 2003, the Director of the Emergency and Remedial Response Division provided verbal authorization of \$50,000 to provide security, fencing and lighting and to begin assessing the fire damaged buildings at the Site. The project ceiling was \$70,000, of which \$50,000 was for mitigation contracting.

The response actions necessary to mitigate the threats are expected to cost an additional \$971,000 (\$713,000 in contract mitigation costs) which will bring the total estimated project ceiling to \$1,041,000 (\$763,000 in contract mitigation costs).

Conditions at the Site continue to meet the criteria for a removal action under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. § 9601 et seq., as documented in Section 300.415(b)(2) of the National Contingency Plan (NCP).

There are no nationally significant or precedent-setting issues associated with this removal action.

II. SITE CONDITIONS AND BACKGROUND

This Action Memorandum documents the proposed time-critical action for the Site. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System ID number for the Site is NYD002111375.

A. Site Description

1. Removal Site evaluation (RSE)

The Site is the location of a former sheet rubber and textile/rubber belt manufacturing facility. Manufacturing was conducted from 1892 until January 2003. On April 15 and 16, 2003, a three-alarm fire destroyed the central portions of five of the Site buildings where rubber products were produced. Arson was the suspected cause of the fire and suspects have been arrested. As a result of the damage caused by the fire, on April 18, 2003 the Site was verbally referred to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) for a CERCLA removal action. Written confirmation of this verbal referral was provided by NYSDEC in correspondence dated April 23, 2003 and is included as Attachment 1. The referral requested that EPA perform an appropriate CERCLA response action based upon Site conditions after the fire.

Following the verbal request for assistance by NYSDEC, EPA performed a Site visit on April 18, 2003. During the Site visit, the EPA On-Scene Coordinator performed an expedited removal assessment (ERA). The major observations noted during the ERA include the following:

- Approximately five of nine Site buildings were damaged or destroyed by the fire and contain intact and fire-damaged drums;
- Suspected asbestos-coated piping exists throughout the five fire-damaged buildings, including areas where the roof had collapsed onto piping and fire-fighting water had damaged the asbestos pipe wrapping; and
- No Site security or fencing exists in the front or rear of the Site.

In addition to the observations in the field, the City of Buffalo provided EPA with a drum and laboratory inventory conducted in March 2003. This inventory revealed the presence of approximately 100 55-gallon drums and approximately 500 containers of chemicals in containers sized five gallons or less. The inventory revealed the presence of methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, ammonia, trichloroethene and various containers of unknowns. This inventory was completed for all of the buildings at the Site and at this time, it is uncertain which containers of chemicals were destroyed or damaged by the fire. Based upon field observations by EPA, this inventory

may have underestimated the amount of containers within the undamaged buildings. In addition, one area damaged by fire contains an electrical transformer which will require testing and asbestos coated piping beneath fire-damaged roofing.

The Site is a "facility" as defined by Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(9). Due to the unsecured nature of the Site, the proximity to local populations, the CERCLA hazardous substances there and the release or threatened release of hazardous substances, EPA has determined that the Site presents a threat to human health and the environment and that a removal action, as defined in Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(21), is required.

2. Physical location

The Site is located in a mixed heavily industrial and residential area of Buffalo known as Black Rock. The Site is approximately four acres in size and encompasses 204-260 Chandler Street along the north side of Chandler Street and 207 Chandler Street located on the south side of Chandler Street. The drums of hazardous substances and asbestos pipes are situated within the Site buildings. Some of the drums and containers are intact, while others have been fire-damaged. The Site property is predominantly covered with buildings which are interconnected, with the exception of 207 Chandler, which is across the street. While some of the Site buildings were used as offices, the vast majority housed various manufacturing processes. To the north of the Site is a CSX railroad right-of-way with several active rail lines. To the south of the Site are several businesses and to the east of the Site are a parking area, residential properties and a business establishment.

Approximately 300 residences, housing an estimated 700 people are situated within 1/8 mile of the Site.

3. Site characteristics

The Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company (Buffalo Weaving) began sheet rubber and textile/rubber belting manufacturing operations at the Site in 1892. In January 1995, Buffalo Weaving was purchased by PharGo, LLC (PharGo) which continued to produce rubber and belting products. In January 2003, PharGo ceased all operations at the facility. In February 2003, Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation, which held a mortgage on the property, secured the facility by boarding and locking Site buildings in order to protect assets at the facility.

The fire of April 15 and 16, 2003 destroyed and heavily damaged the former rubber manufacturing areas in the western portion of the Site. Of the estimated 250,000 square feet of manufacturing and office space on-Site, approximately 90,000 square feet is fire-damaged and/or destroyed. Other areas of the Site contain hazardous substances as indicated in the Site inventory and evidence of recent vandalism and illegal entry exist.

4. Release or threatened release into the environment of a hazardous substance, or pollutant, or contaminant

The facility inventory provided to EPA by the City of Buffalo and samples taken by EPA from suspected asbestos pipe wrap on piping which leads to fire-damaged areas include the following hazardous substances, as defined by Section 101(14) of the CERCLA, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §9601, et seq.

Material	Quantity	Storage Method	Primary Hazard	Statutory Source for Designation as a Hazardous Substance
Asbestos	Over 5,000 linear feet	Hanging from pipes and within firedebris	Carcinogen	1,2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	550 gallons	55-gallon drums and 5 gallon pails	Flammable	3
Toluene	346 gallons	55-gallon drum, 5 gallon pails and one gallon containers	Flammable	3
Trichloroethane	55 gallons	55-gallon drum	Carcinogen	3
Ammonia Hydroxide	13 gallons	1 gallon containers	Toxic and corrosive	2,3
Laboratory Chemicals including toluene and other solvents	300 containers	300 containers varying in size from 1 pint to five - gallons	Flammable (D001)	3

Notes: 1 - CWA Section 307(a)

2 - CAA Section 112

3 - RCRA Section 3001

A 10,000-gallon underground storage tank, suspected to contain fuel oil, may be located within the fire-damaged building areas.

A 1,000-gallon tank of unknown materials is elevated above fire-damaged building supports in close proximity to the fire debris.

An electrical transformer has been sighted within the fire debris.

EPA analysis of pipe wrap on pipes leading into the fire-damaged Site buildings indicate the presence of friable asbestos. The first sample collected contained 29% chrysotile and 29% amosite asbestos fibers. The second sample collected contained 18% chrysotile and 18% amosite asbestos fibers. The asbestos in the buildings is in poor condition and some of it has collapsed onto the floors. The buildings damaged by the fire are collapsed onto some of the asbestos piping. Further collapse of buildings may cause asbestos to be released into the environment. Asbestos is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance under 40 CFR §302.4 when it is friable. Friability is the ease with which a material can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder, when dry, by hand pressure. The more easily that a material crumbles, the greater the potential for fiber release. Once released, asbestos fibers have the ability to remain airborne for an extended period of time. Much of the asbestos-containing material in the buildings on-Site is extremely friable due to its age, exposure to the elements, damage by fire and damage by fire fighting water. Sample results from the pipe insulation containing asbestos are included as Attachment 2.

The collapsed buildings, their fire-damaged structural components, and broken windows represent mechanisms for release of asbestos fibers into the environment. When asbestos-containing materials (ACM) are exposed to the elements, the potential for the migration of asbestos fibers is significantly increased.

Since the drums and fire-damaged debris piles are not properly contained and segregated by chemical compatibility, a threat to public health and welfare exists. The release of hazardous substances could result in the exposure of the neighboring population to hazardous substances through additional fire and/or explosion, direct contact and/or through migration of contamination.

This removal action addresses the disposal of hazardous substances from the Site. The facility inventory provided by the City of Buffalo is included as Attachment 3.

5. NPL status

The Site is not listed on the NPL, and there are no efforts underway to include the Site on the NPL.

6. Maps, pictures, and other graphic representations

Figures 1, 2, and 3 are included as Attachment 4 and provide the location and configuration of the Site. Figures 4 through 9 are aerial photographs of the Site taken after the fire showing the damaged sections of buildings, the entire building complex and the adjacent residential community.

B. Other Actions to Date

1. Previous actions

There have been no previous EPA removal actions performed at the Site. Prior to EPA's involvement, there were no significant actions taken by any governmental agency with respect to cleanup or spills at the Site.

Buffalo Weaving worked with Linde Air Products in the 1940's and developed and produced non-radioactive material for the Oak Ridge Gaseous Diffusion Plant under contract with the Atomic Energy Commission. The US Department of Energy (DOE) researched the Chandler Street Plant and determined that no radioactive materials were used at the Site. Therefore, the DOE determined that no further actions were necessary under DOE's Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP). EPA has screened Site debris from the fire and has found no radiation above background levels. EPA will continue to screen the Site as a precaution.

In 2001, PharGo entered a guilty plea on a misdemeanor count of making false certifications to the US Government under US defense contracts. The company was fined \$16,000 for the offense.

2. Current actions

As a result of the fire which occurred on April 15 and 16, 2003, the City of Buffalo erected concrete barricades along Chandler Street and in the rear of the Site buildings to prevent vehicles and pedestrian traffic from getting close to the fire-damaged building. EPA mobilized to the Site on April 18, 2001 and began 24-hour Site security, and provided fencing to fortify restrictions on Site access.

C. State and Local Authorities' Role

1. State and local actions to date

As a result of Site conditions, the NYSDEC and the City of Buffalo requested that EPA undertake a removal action at the Site.

2. Potential for continued State/local response

There are no actions being taken by State or local government agencies to address the stabilization or disposal of hazardous substances located at the Site.

III. THREATS TO PUBLIC HEALTH, OR WELFARE, OR THE ENVIRONMENT AND STATUTORY AND REGULATORY AUTHORITIES

A. Threats to Public Health or Welfare

The conditions at the Site meet the criteria for a CERCLA removal action under 40 CFR Part 300.415(b)(2) of the National Contingency Plan. Factors that support conducting a removal action at the Site include:

(i) Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances, or pollutants, or contaminants;

The fire has caused the buildings to be exposed to the elements. As the buildings damaged by the fire continue to deteriorate, the potential for release of friable asbestos increases. Since the Site has been damaged by vandals in the past, the drums and laboratory chemicals present a threat of exposure from trespassing or arson.

The elevated tank with unknown materials near the fire-damaged buildings and the suspected underground storage tank in close proximity to the fire area pose a threat of release.

Many of the drums are in poor condition and stored haphazardly throughout the Site buildings. Trespassers at the Site could be adversely impacted by contact with the hazardous substances contained in these drums.

(iii) Hazardous substances, or pollutants, or contaminants in drums, barrels, tanks, or other bulk storage containers, that may pose a threat of release;

The drums, tank and other containers found at the Site contain the hazardous substances as listed in Section II.A.4 of this Action Memorandum. The hazardous substances within these containers present a threat of release.

(v) Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants to migrate or be released;

Five Site buildings are partially demolished and subjected to changes in weather conditions. Snow melt, wind, and rainfall will contribute to the decay of the building structure and may cause the roof to further collapse, causing further deterioration to the containers of hazardous substances and asbestos piping. Contaminated runoff from the Site could flow into storm sewers and eventually reach the groundwater.

(vi) Threat of fire or explosion; and

The facility inventory provided by the City of Buffalo indicated the presence of drums and smaller-sized containers of flammable liquids. During EPA's RSE, drums containing flammable liquid labels were visible and intact within the fire-damaged Site buildings. Though a significant

fire and resultant explosions have already occurred within the Site buildings, a continuing threat remains at the Site.

(vii) The availability of other appropriate federal or State response mechanisms to respond to the release.

No other federal or State response mechanism is available to respond to the significant threat which the Site presents.

B. Threats to the Environment

The conditions at the Site meet the criteria for a CERCLA removal action under 40 CFR Part 300.415(b)(2) of the National Contingency Plan. Factors that support conducting a removal action at the Site include:

(i) Actual or potential exposure to nearby human populations, animals, or the food chain from hazardous substances, or pollutants, or contaminants;

The drums and tanks containing hazardous substances and waste in the fire-damaged buildings continue to present a threat to the environment. Releases from leaking drums and tanks have occurred and may continue to occur at the Site. Storm sewers run through the center of the fire-damaged Site and connect to the City of Buffalo waste water treatment plant which discharges to groundwater. Releases from the Site could adversely impact the environment. Fire or explosion could result in adverse impacts to the air.

(v) Weather conditions that may cause hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants to migrate or be released; and

The Site buildings damaged by fire require demolition and are subject to changes in weather conditions. Snow melt, wind and rainfall will continue to contribute to the decay of the building structures and may cause the roof to further collapse causing further deterioration to the containers of hazardous substances. Contaminated runoff from the Site could flow into the storm sewers and eventually reach the groundwater.

IV. ENDANGERMENT DETERMINATION

Actual or threatened releases of hazardous substances from the Site, if not addressed by implementing the response action selected in this Action Memorandum, may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health, or welfare, or the environment.

V. PROPOSED ACTIONS AND ESTIMATED COST

A. Proposed Actions

V. PROPOSED ACTIONS AND ESTIMATED COST

A. Proposed Actions

1. Proposed action description

The following activities are proposed to address the immediate threats to human health and the environment posed by hazardous substances, or pollutants, or contaminants present at the Site.

- a. <u>Dismantling of Fire-damaged Buildings</u> EPA will begin dismantling the fire-damaged buildings and will send the fire debris for off-Site disposal.
- b. Removal of Drums and Containers from Fire-damaged Buildings As containers within the fire-damaged buildings are reached during the dismantling operation, the containers will be stabilized and removed from the fire debris and building. EPA will utilize a centralized and secure area on-Site to stage the drums removed from the fire-damaged buildings. Container sampling will be performed, as well as, off-Site disposal, as appropriate.
- c. Removal of Asbestos Piping and Debris As the fire-damaged buildings are dismantled, EPA will carefully remove fire debris in proximity to asbestos piping. When asbestos piping is exposed, an encapsulant will be applied to the asbestos to limit the potential for friable asbestos fibers to be released. Encapsulant binds the asbestos particulates into a mass and limits the potential for release. After the encapsulant is applied, the piping and/or the asbestos will be placed into a container suitable for disposal of asbestos containing materials and will be sent for off-Site disposal at an appropriate disposal facility.
- d. <u>Collection of Drums and Other Containers from All Site Buildings</u> The Site inventory provided to EPA, and field observations of undamaged Site buildings, have indicated the other Site buildings contain drums and other containers of hazardous substances. EPA will move these containers into the on-Site staging area that is used for containers removed from the fire-damaged buildings. Container sampling will be performed as well as off-Site disposal, as appropriate.
- e. <u>Staging and Segregation of Site Chemicals</u> All containers that are open or of questionable integrity will be over-packed or transferred into new containers. Containers will be placed in compatible waste groups and placed into a secure area of the Site.
- f. Removal of Site Tanks in Close Proximity to Fire-damaged Areas One above ground elevated storage tank containing 1,000 gallons of unknown materials is adjacent to the fire-damaged Site buildings. A 10,000-gallon underground storage tank may be beneath the fire debris at the Site. EPA will access these tanks, sample the contents and remove them as necessary.
- g. <u>Assessment of Electrical Transformers On-Site</u> The Site power has been shut off and the

Site contains electrical transformers in various stages of condition and age. The oil from these electrical transformers and equipment will be sampled. If PCBs are contained within the electrical equipment, removal will be necessary. One transformer is located within the fire-damaged area of the Site and will immediately be removed and sampled.

- h. <u>Sampling</u> All containers, including tanks and drums, will be sampled for disposal analysis parameters. Where possible, composite samples will be taken to reduce the total amount of samples analyzed. None of the Site containers are accessible for sampling at this time. Once they are accessible, each will be opened and sampled. Samples will be sent off-Site for analysis. If the containers contain hazardous substances, then EPA will remove the tanks and drums, and perform soil removal or area decontamination, if necessary.
- i. <u>Analysis</u> All samples will be evaluated for compatibility. The samples will be analyzed for disposal parameters, including Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) and other types of analysis.
- j. <u>Disposal</u> Upon receipt of disposal analysis, waste profiles will be completed and sent to disposal facilities for acceptance. Compatible materials will be sent to off-Site disposal facilities in compliance with EPA's Off-Site Disposal Rule.
- k. Evaluation of Building Areas Undamaged by Fire Within the Site buildings that were not damaged, some areas appear to have had electrical equipment and transformers dismantled. EPA will sample and evaluate these and other areas within the Site and conduct removal actions as necessary. In addition, other areas in the undamaged buildings contain suspected asbestos that is falling off piping and structural support steel. EPA will sample suspect ACM and if necessary, abate the asbestos and/or apply an encapsulant on the asbestos to minimize its release in the future.

2. Contribution to remedial performance

The Site is not presently on the NPL. The response measures proposed in this Action Memorandum will address significant threats posed to public health through removal of hazardous substances. The proposed action will contribute effectively to any long-term remedial action with respect to the release or threatened release of hazardous substances at the Site.

3. Description of alternative technologies

Because of the quantities and types of the hazardous substances and/or wastes at the Site, on-Site treatment and/or incineration is not appropriate. The selected removal action includes the characterization of hazardous substances found at the Site and the transportation of hazardous substances off-Site for treatment and/or disposal. The selected removal action has been determined to be the appropriate response action for the Site based upon the criteria of effectiveness, implement ability and cost.

4. EE/CA

Due to the time-critical nature of this removal action, an EE/CA will not be prepared.

5. Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs)

ARARs that are within the scope of this removal action will be met to the extent practicable. Federal ARARs determined to be applicable for the proposed scope of work include the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Occupational Safety and Health Act and Hazardous Materials Transportation Uniform Safety Act.

6. Project schedule

It is anticipated that the project will be completed within four to six months. Three phases will be implemented, each taking different time-frames to complete. Phase one will be mobilization to the Site, sampling as needed to determine fire impact to electrical transformer, dismantling of the fire-damaged buildings and removal and staging of the contents contained therein. Phase two will be the off-Site disposal of drums and tank waste containing hazardous substances from both the fire-damaged buildings and other buildings, decontamination of tanks and staging areas and sampling of areas of suspected soil contamination resulting from potential historic drum and tank spills, sampling of electrical equipment and sampling of debris piles. Phase three will address soil removal at spill areas, electrical transformer areas and debris piles, as necessary.

Estimated Costs:

The estimated costs for the completion of this project are summarized below. Detailed costs are included as Attachment 5.

Extramural Costs:	Verbal Funding <u>Authorization</u>	Ceiling <u>Increase</u>	Proposed <u>Ceiling</u>
Regional Allowance Costs:			
ERRS Cost 15% contingency Total ERRS Cost Other Extramural Costs Not Funded From the Regional Allowance:	\$ 50,000 -0- \$ 50,000	\$ 620,000 \$ 93,000 \$ 713,000	\$ 670,000 \$ 93,000 \$ 763,000
Total RST costs	\$ 20,000	\$ 96,000	\$ 116,000
SUBTOTAL, EXTRAMURAL COSTS	\$ 70,000	\$ 809,000	\$ 879,000

Extramural Cost Contingency (20%)	-0-	<u>\$ 162,000</u>	\$ 162,000
TOTAL, REMOVAL PROJECT CEILING	\$ 70,000	\$ 971,000	\$ 1,041,000

VI. EXPECTED CHANGE IN THE SITUATION SHOULD NO ACTION BE TAKEN OR ACTION DELAYED

Should no action be taken or the planned action be delayed, hazardous substances such as asbestos in Site buildings, and hazardous substances contained in transformers, drums and tanks could be released. A release of hazardous substances from the Site could result in the exposure of the neighboring population and/or contamination of the environment. Releases of contaminants to the air and soil could increase the cost of the required removal action.

VII. OUTSTANDING POLICY ISSUES

No known outstanding policy issues are associated with the Site.

VIII. ENFORCEMENT

It appears that PharGo and the suspected arsonists are potentially responsible parties (PRPs) for the Site. Due to the conditions of the Site buildings and the immediate need to dismantle and stabilize the hazardous substances within the buildings, EPA will begin the Site work funded by the Superfund. However, EPA anticipates offering the PRPs the opportunity to dispose of drums and electrical transformers from the Site buildings, once EPA determines that they are segregated and staged in a secure location on-Site. EPA will attempt to identify additional PRPs and pursue cost-recovery, as appropriate, concurrently with the time-critical removal action requested herein.

Enforcement Cost Estimate

The total EPA costs for this removal action based on full-cost accounting practices that will be eligible for cost recovery are estimated to be \$1,464,000. This figure includes direct intramural and indirect costs.

Direct Costs include direct extramural costs and direct intramural costs. Indirect costs are calculated based on an estimated indirect cost rate expressed as a percentage of Site specific direct costs, consistent with the full cost accounting methodology effective October 2, 2000. These estimates do not include pre-judgement interest, do not take into account other enforcement costs, including Department of Justice costs and may be adjusted during the course of a removal action. The estimates are for illustrative purposes only and their use is not intended to create any rights for responsible parties. Neither the lack of a total cost estimate nor deviation of actual total costs from this estimate will affect the United States' right to cost recovery.

EPA's Total Estimated Project-Related Costs

\$1,041,000 + \$100,000

\$1,141,000

Direct Extramural and Intramural Costs

28.32% (Region-specific Indirect Cost Rate) x \$1,141,000

\$ 323,000

Estimated EPA Costs for Removal Action that are Eligible for Cost Recovery

\$ 1,464,000

IX. RECOMMENDATION

This decision document represents the selected removal action for the Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company Site in the City of Buffalo, New York, developed in accordance with CERCLA, as amended, and is consistent with the NCP. This decision is based on the administrative record for the Site.

Conditions at the Site meet the NCP Section 300.415(b)(2) criteria for a removal action and is recommended for your approval of the proposed removal action. The total project ceiling for this removal action, if approved, will be \$1,041,000. Of this, an estimated amount of \$763,000 will come from the FY-03 Regional Advice of Allowance for mitigation contracting.

Please indicate your approval, or disapproval, and authorization of funding as per current Delegation of Authority, by signing below.

APPROVAL: Silliem Me Cala George Pavlou, Director	DATE:	5/5/03
George Pavlou, Director		
Emergency and Remedial Response Division		
DISAPPROVAL:	DATE:	
George Pavlou, Director		
Emergency and Remedial Response Division		

(after approval is obtained)

G. Pavlou, ERRD-D

cc:

W. McCabe, ERRD-DD

R. Salkie, ERRD-RAB

J. Rotola, ERRD-RAB

J. Witkowski, ERRD-RAB

G. Zachos, ACM/O

R. Dease, ERRD-RPB

P. Simon, ORC-NYCSUP

L. McDavid, ORC-NYCSUP

B. Bellow, CD

R. Worley, 5202G

- R. Manna, OPM-FMB
- P. McKechnie, OIG
- C. Rudick, NYSDEC
- E. Christman, NOAA
- A. Raddant, DOI
- C. Kelley, RST

Attachment 1

NYSDEC Referral

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation, 12th Floor

625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-7011 Phone: (518) 402-9706 • FAX: (518) 402-9020

Website: www.dec.state.ny.us



April 23, 2003

Mr. George Pavlou
Director
Emergency & Remedial Response Division
United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region II
290 Broadway
New York, New York 10007-1866

Dear Mr. Pavlou:

RE: Former

Former Buffalo Belt & Webbing

Buffalo (C), Erie County

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) hereby requests the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) perform an appropriate CERCLA emergency response action at the former Buffalo Belt and Webbing facility located at 204-260 Chandler Street, Buffalo, New York.

The facility consists of six large multi-story buildings, portions of which have been unused for several years. The remaining portions were used for the manufacture of rubber belting and webbing products through the end of 2002.

A large fire in a significant portion of the complex occurred in the late evening of April 15, 2003. The fire was extinguished by April 16, 2003, leaving an unsecured, structurally unstable site. A recent inventory of the facility conducted prior to the fire by the mortgage holder, Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation, indicates the presence of approximately 100, 55-gallon drums containing potentially hazardous materials/substances including but not limited to oils, waste oils, hydraulic fluids, solvents, phenolic resins and unidentified cleaners. Inspections by Department staff conducted on April 17, 2003 indicate that some of the drums were not impacted by the fire, but are now unsecured and unprotected. Remnants of potentially hazardous wastes/substances may also remain in the fire zone. In addition, an estimated 50 smaller containers of similar materials were on-site.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact Mr. Daniel King, of my staff, in Buffalo at (716) 851-7220.

Sincerely,

Salvatore Ervolina

for Dale A. Desnoyers

Director

Division of Environmental Remediation

cc: Dan King

Attachment 2

Asbestos samples of pipes leading into fire damaged building

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Kevin Matheis, USEPA, On-Scene Co-ordinator

Fr:

Howard M. Syvarth, Weston Solutions Inc., Site Project Manager, Buffalo Belting

and Weaving Co., Sixe

Date:

April 24, 2003

RE:

Summary of Analytical Results for Bulk Samples Collected on Tuesday 4/22/03

Weston Solutions' Removal Support Team performed an entry into the Buffalo Belting and Weaving Co., building on Tuesday afternoon April 22, 2003. The initial entry was conducted using a Multi-Rae plus toxic gas meter. This particular monitoring device measures Oxygen content, % of Lower Explosive Limit, (%LEL), carbon monoxide gas and hydrogen sulfide gas. All reading were at the background level in the structure. Back ground levels being 20.8% oxygen, 0% LEL, and 0 parts per million (ppm) for both hydrogen sulfide and carbon monoxide. The direct monitoring reading instruments were calibrated prior to departure on Monday April 21, 2003

Two bulk samples were collected and submitted to the laboratory for analysis.

On April 24th, the analytical results for the samples were received by Weston Solutions and reviewed. The table below summaries the analytical results for the samples collected. See attached diagram for the sampling locations.

Sample Number	Sample Location	Results				
BBW-01B	piping along ceiling in room adjacent to fire damage	18.0% Chrysotile 18.0 % Amosite				
BBW-02	piping along ceiling in room adjacent to fire damage	29.0% Chrysotile 29.0 % Amosite				

EMSL Analytical, Inc.

490 Rowley Road, Depew, NY 14043

Phone: (716) 851-3030 Fax: (716) 851-0394 Email: huffalotab@emsl.com

Attn:

Fax:

Project: 3356

Smita Sumbaly Weston Solutions

1090 King Georges Post Road

Suite 201

Edison, NJ 08837-3703

(732) 225-7037

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

RFWE53 0038635

Received:

04/23/03 8:15 AM

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

4/23/2003

140301423

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials by PLM via the NY State ELAP 198.1 Method

Phone: 732-225-6116 X210

					Non-As	Asbestos	
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
BBW-01B		Gray	Teased			64.00% Non-fibrous (other)	18.00% Chrysotile
140301423-0007		Fibrous Homogeneous					18.00% Amosite
BBW-02B		Gray	Teased			42.00% Non-fibrous (other)	29.00% Chrysotile
140301423-0008		Fibrous Homogeneous					29.00% Amosite

Eric Fischer

Analyst

Kenneth Najuch or other approved signatory

PLM has been known to miss astestos in a small percentage of samples which contain astestos. Negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as <1% or none detected should be tested with TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. Analytical, Inc. The above test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government.

EMSL Buffaio (NVLAP #200058-0) NY ELAP #11608

THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF THE REPORT

REP No.: 3356 PO No.:

01038435

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

WESTERN .

REMOVAL SUPPORT TEAM
EPA CONTRACT 68-W-00-113
Phone: 732-225-6116 Fax: 732-225-7037

140301423

)	Mátrix Box No.:	Preservative Box No
	1. Surface Water	1.HCl
	2. Ground Water	2. HN03
	3. Loachato	3. Na2904
	4. Rinsate	4. H2SO4
	5. Scil/Sediment	5. Other (Specify)
	6. Oil	6. Ice Only
	7. Waste	N. Not Preserved

											8. Ot	her (Sp	ecify)		* See Comments
Send verbal and wr	itten results to:				tions, l										
			Suite	201, 10	90 Kin	g Geo	rges	Post I	Road,	, Edis	on, N	lew J	ersey	088	37-3703
			Attent	tion: Sr	nita Su	mbaly	, RS	TAna	alytica	i Coc	anibre	itor			•
Sample Number	Conc	Sample	Sample	RUS ANALYSIS								T			
	MM/DOYY/Time	Matrix	Low-L	Туре	Preserv.	-		PEST			CN	IGN	COR	REAC	OTHER
		(Enter	Med M	Comp-C	(Enter				Ì	1		1		1	
	ļ	box #)	HighH	Grab-G	box #s)									<u> </u>	<u> </u>
BBW-OrA	4/22/03/70	AIT	1	C	MA									<u> </u>	Aspesto 5388
88W-02A	4/20/03/75	11_													ASK Stos 7563
BBW-03 A	כשון בטעמיין														ASTES 738X
BBW-04A	4/22/13 1745														Asbestas
88W-05A	4/23/03														FIELD HEIP HIL
BBW-06 A	4/22/03	Ħ			†										LOT Black
BBW-018	4/22/20	BULL	14	6								 	<u> </u>		Ashestas
	4/22/03			_											Asbestes
ben-orb	7/22/05	BUL	H	G								<u> </u>			- Free S
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Person Assuming Respon	nsibility for Sample.	_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	*						4	Tiene	Date (Marinon
Sample Number	Relinquished By:			Time	Date.	Recei	ved By	7		0				Reas	on for Change of Custody
All	4		0730	2763			(En	Sun						An:19515	
Sample Number	Relinquished By:)		Time	Date	Recei	ved By	r.				······································		Reas	on for Change of Custody
Sample Number	Relinquished By:			Time	Date	Recei	ved By	r.			·· ·······	***		Reas	on for Change of Custody
*															

Weston Solutions, Inc. FEDERAL PROGRAMS DIVISION

In Association with Resource Applications, Inc., R.E. Samera Associates, PRC Environmental Management, C.C. Johnson & Malhotra, P.C., and GRB Environmental Services, Inc.

Attachment 3

Site inventory prior to fire and post fire inspection report

Former Buffolo Weaving and Belling Facility Inventory Sorted by Path Taken during Sile Walkfiirough

		Number	Conlainer	Container	Container	T		1		
10 .	Waste	Containers		Type	Sizo	Lynits	Total Volume	Hazardous?	Photo	Notes
Room 1	Chemlock 607	1	Steel	Drum	55	Gallous	55		3	Adhesive UN1133
	#8 Fuel Oil plus Speedi Dry	8	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	440		-	
Room 2	Maphilia	1 1	Steel	Orum	55	Gallons	55		2	
	Phonolic Resins	2	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	50		3,4	
	Curbon Black	6	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	150		3,4	The state of the s
	Calcined Kaolin	2	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	50		3,4	
	Petroleum Cake	1	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	15		3, 4	
	Various Resins	11	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	275		3, 4	
	Hydrated Atumina	2	Paper	Bag	50	Pounds	100		3, 4	
	Hydraulic Oit	1	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	30		5	
	Hydraulic Oil	1	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	55		6	
	Waste Oil	2	Sleel	Drum	55	Gallons	110		7	
	Talcum Powder	2	Steel	Cans	5	Gallons	5	1	8	
	Talcum Povder	3	Cardboard	Drum	30	Gallons	15		9	
	Hydraulic Oil	11	Sleel	Drum	55	Galions	55		10	
Drum Room	Melliyl ethyl kelone (MEK)	5	Sleel	Drum	55	Gallons	275	<u> </u>	11 - 16	
	Loluot	1	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	55	<u> </u>	11 - 16	
	TICE	11	Sleel	Drum	55	Gallons	55		11 - 18	
	Naphtha	4	Steel	Orum	55	Gallous	55	ļ	11 - 18	
	Waste Liquids	7	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	385		11 - 16	Mixture of Ituids found in this room
	Toluene	16	Glass	Bottle	1	Galluns	16	.]	11 - 18	
	Chemlock	20	Steel	Cans	5	Gallons	100		11 - 16	
	Melliyl elliyl kelone (MEK)	5	Steet	Cans	5	Gallons	25		11 - 16	
	Toluol	5	Sleel	Cans	5	Gallons	25		11 - 16	
	Various Liquids	30	Sleei	Cans	5	Gallons	150	-	11 - 16	
	Various Liquids	10	Glass	Cans	1	Gallons	10		11 - 16	
	Various Liquids	10 7	Steel	Cans	1	Gallons	385	-}	11 · 16	
	Hydrautic Oil Darvan I.	 	Sleel	Drum Drum	55 55	Gallons			17	Acces
Lab I	Unknown Liquids	$\frac{1}{3}$	Steel	Cens	1 22	Gallons Gallons	55		18	A soap Franklin Indust ALW-3626, DKW-3396
C40 1	Anunonium Hydroxide	 	Glass	Cans	 	Gallons	1			Trankin moust Activisus, Drivissa
	Methanol	2	Glass	Cans	 	Gallons	1 2			
	Polylack	1 1	Glass	Cans	 	Gallons	1		<u> </u>	
	. ogradn		0,033	00118		Calluits			•	Various container sizes, various contents including petroleum products, solvents, adhosives (chemiock), and powders
Lab 2	Various small containers	250	Various	Cans	0.5	Gallons	125		19 - 26	(metal oxides, sulfur, naugavyliite, kaolin clay, carnuba v.ax)
	Various liquids	20	Various	Cans	11_	Gallons	20		19 - 26	Toluol, naphthu, trimethyl pentane, dimethyllormaldehyde, alcolliol
Lab 3	Ammonia	12	Glass	Boille	1	Gallons	12		27	
	Various liquids	10	Sleel	Cans	1	Gallons	10		27	MEK, Toluol, acetone
	Diamine	1	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	5		27	Versailling P-1000 Oligameric Diamine
Office	Urelhane	2	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	10			

Former Buflato Weaving and Boiling Facility Inventory Sorted by Path Taken during Site Walkthrough

		Number	Container	Container	Container	T	1			
0	Waste	Containers	Material	Typo	Size	Units	Total Volume	Hazardous?	Photo	Notes
lubber House	Waste oil	2	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	110		28 · 30	
	Synthetic oil (mixing oils)	16	Sieel	Drum	55	Gallons	880		28 - 30	Used for Making Rubber - like parallux
	Powders	12	Cardboard	Drum	25	Gallons	150		31	
Boiler Room	Return Line Trealment	2	Steel	Dium	55	Gallons	110		•	Disinfectant
	Paint Cans	12	Sleel	Cans	1	Gallons	12		•	
	Petroleum non-detergent	1 1	Plastic	Pall	5	Gallons	5		•	
Maint Shop	Tower freatment	1	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	5		•	Disinlectant
	Hydraulic Oil	1	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	5		•	
	Hydraulic Oil	1	Steel	Drum	25	Gallons	25		32	
Machine Shop	Cutting Oil	1 1	Steel	Drum	25	Gallons	25		33	
	Cutting Oil	9	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	495		34, 35	
	Non-Bulyl Cleaner	4	Glass	Bottle	1	Gallons	4		34, 35	
	Oils	20	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	100		34, 35	
	Various small containers	12	Various	Cans	0.5	Gallons	6		34, 35	Oil and paint cans
	Flashing Centent	11	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	5		•	
Nuto Garage	Car balleries	12	Plastic	Ballery	1	Each	12		•	
(lirst floor)	Waste motor oil	3	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	165		•	
	Waste motor oil	1	Steet	Orum	25	Gallons	25			
	Waste anlifreeze	1	Steel	Dium	55	Gallons	55		•	
	Wasta antifreeze	1	Plastic	Pail	5	Gallons	5		•	
	Various small containers	20	Various	Cans	0.5	Gations	10		•	Carb cleaner, lubricants
Manufact Fac	'Waste Liquids	12	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	660		38	
second floor)	Marking lok	16	Sleel	Cans	0.25	Gallons	4		37	Flammable
	Acid metal cleaner	ı	Plastic	Bottle	1	Gellons	1			
	Hardener	50	Glass	Vials	0.01	Gallons	0.5			Rema TipTop RF-SC
	Hydrautic Oil	1	Steel	Drum	55	Gallons	55		•	

Assumed all containers are full unless officervise noted
Assumed all gas containers (propance, etc) will be addressed separately (likely taken back by supplier)

Empty Drums Empty 5-gallon Palls (with residual materials)

y Orums Emply 5-gailon Palls (Wilh 1 10 1 12 20

Sum

47



50 Fountain Plaza Buffalo, New York, 14202 Phone: (716) 856-0599 Fax (716) 856-0583

Memorandum

To: Paul Werthman, Benchmark

From: Bryan Hann

Date: 04/16/03

Cc: none -

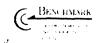
Re: Buffalo Belt & Webbing Company

Site Reconnaissance

As requested by the City of Buffalo Department of Public Works, this letter summarizes the findings of the site reconnaissance performed by Benchmark Environmental Engineering and Science, PLLC (Benchmark) personnel at the Buffalo Belt and Webbing Company Facility (Site) located on Chandler Street, Buffalo, New York. On April 16, 2003, Benchmark personnel conducted a visit to the site following a damaging fire to the main structure on the property the previous night. Upon arrival, Benchmark personnel met with Jim Poley (City of Buffalo Fire Department Battalion Chief). The Chief indicated the structure was not safe to enter, however visual surveillance could be conducted around the perimeter and along two hallways within the structure. The following bulletized list summarizes Benchmark's findings:

- Upon arrival, Benchmark observed a significant sheen on runoff water from the structure draining west down Chandler Street into the sanitary/storm sewer. The sheen may have been diesel or gasoline.
- Two areas within the structure observed by Benchmark contained several drums and buckets of what appeared to lubricating/hydraulic oils.
- One main storage room approximately 30 feet by 30 feet, labeled "highly flammable" with a fireproof door contained several drums labeled with various solvents. Mineral spirits, 1,1,1-trichloroethane,

0009-021-300



methyl ethyl ketone and toluene were visually identified via labels. A few of the drums in this room were lying horizontal in cradles.

• From the back of the structure, Benchmark identified an above ground heating oil tank inside the building, approximately 550 gallons.

Initial reports of a "red" substance flowing from the facility were not observed by Benchmark. The on-duty Battalion Chief had not heard of the report and indicated he had just arrived at the scene in the morning.

Benchmark recommends the City take immediate action to secure the structure against vandalism and trespassing. In addition, a full inventory will need to be conducted to identify and quantify all hazardous/non-hazardous materials within the structure. Upon inventory and sample collection, all material will require proper disposal.

If you have any questions pertaining to the site reconnaissance activities presented herein, please feel free to call us at (716) 856-0599.

Attachment 4

Maps, pictures, and other graphical representations



Figure 1 Buffalo Weaving Site Site Location Map

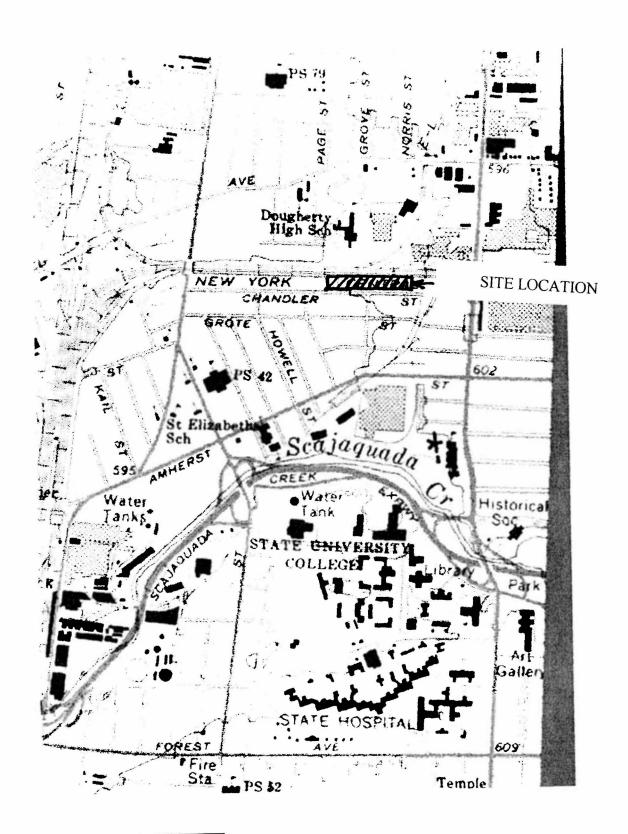


Figure 2
Buffalo Weaving Site
Site Location Map

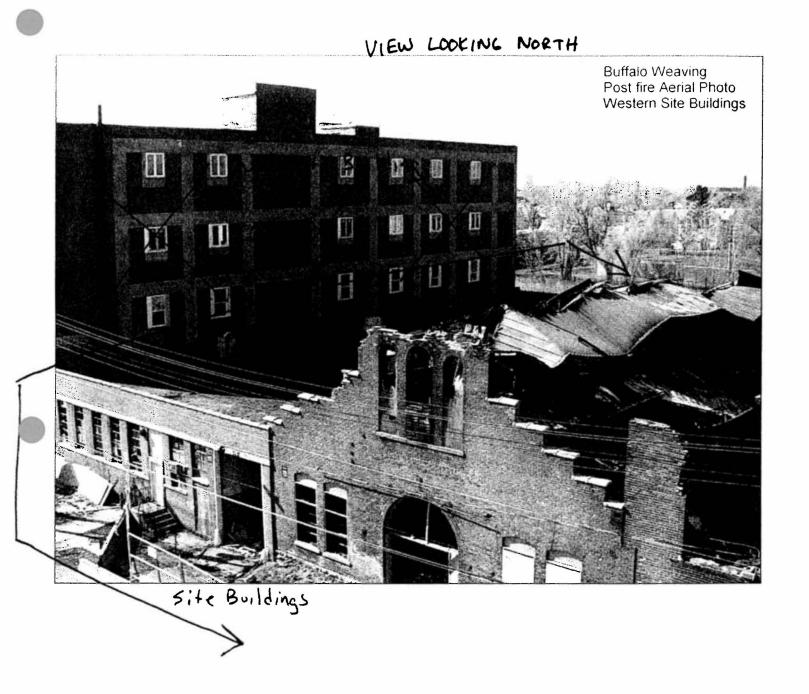
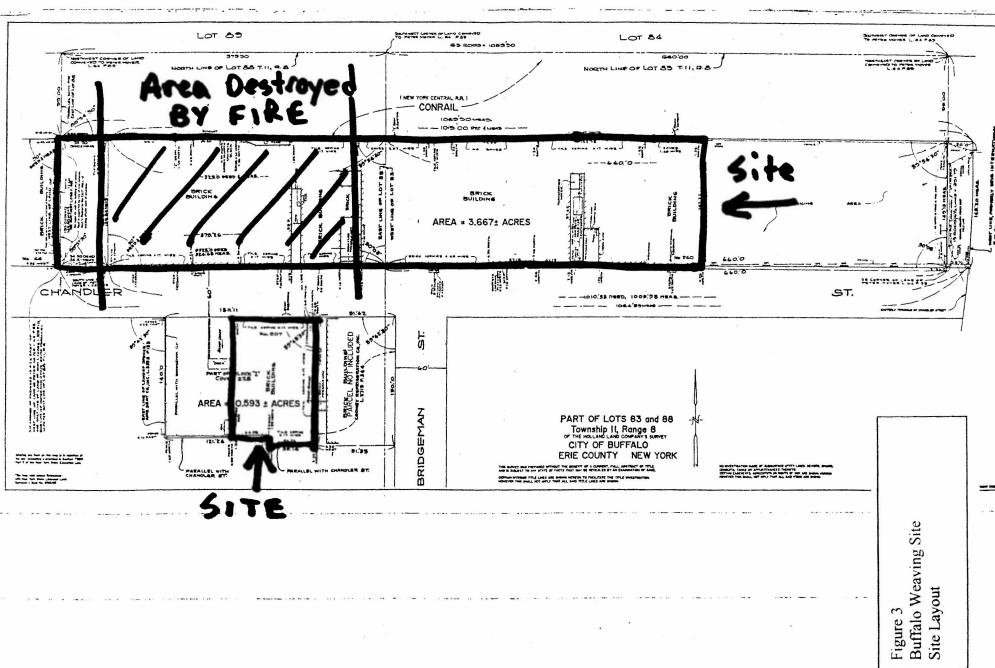


Figure 4
Buffalo Weaving Site
Site Photograph



BUF2.5030

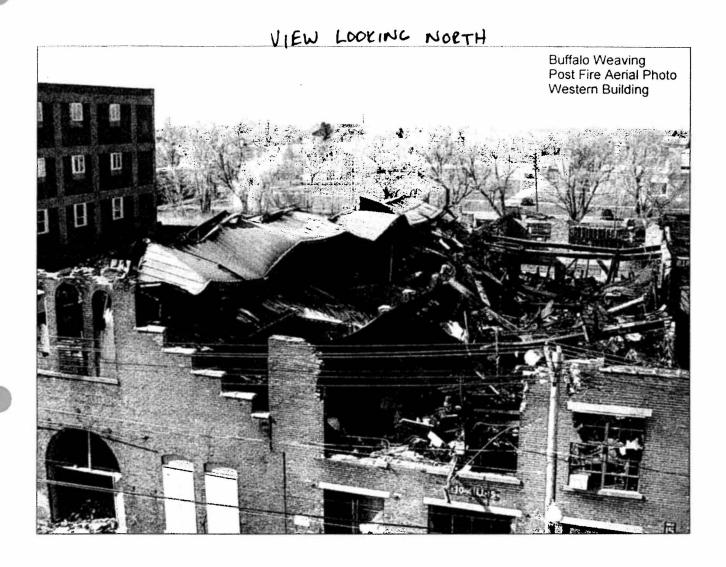


Figure 5
Buffalo Weaving Site
Site Photograph

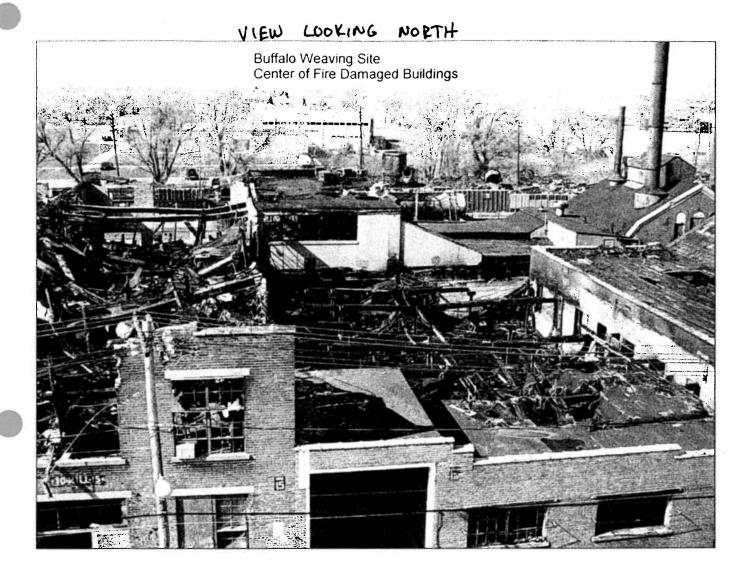


Figure 6 Buffalo Weaving Site Site Photograph VIEW LOOKING NORTHEAST

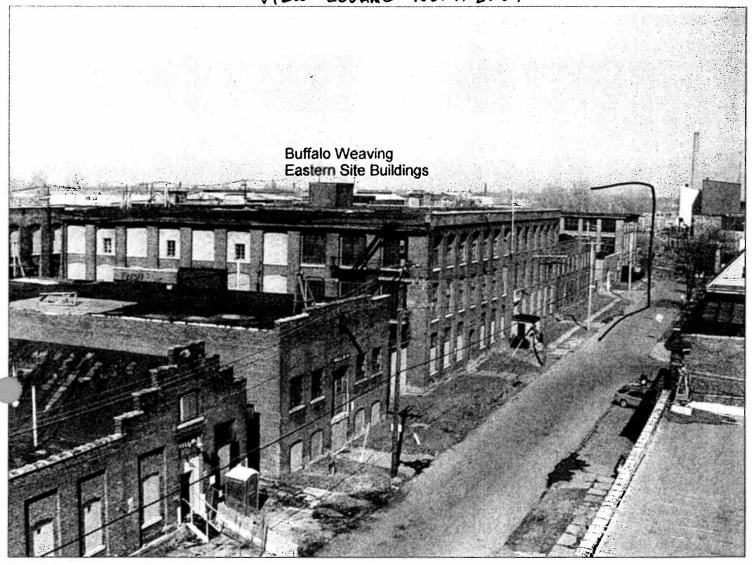


Figure 7 Buffalo Weaving Site Site Photograph

VIEW LOOKING EAST

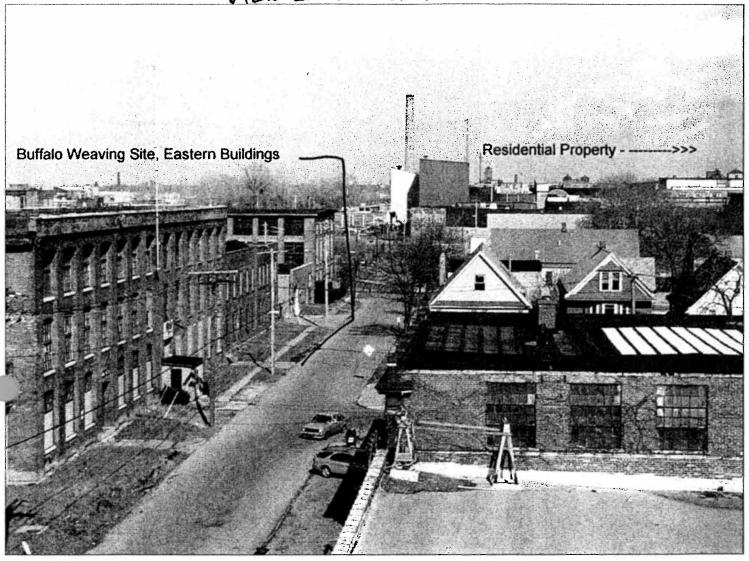


Figure 8 Buffalo Weaving Site Site Photograph

VIEW LOOKING SOUTH



Figure 9 Buffalo Weaving Site Site Photograph

Attachment 5

Estimated Costs

CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION II EDISON, NEW JERSEY 08837

DATE:

APR 2 2 2003

SUBJECT:

Request and Documentation for the Verbal Authorization for a Removal Action

at the Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co., located in Buffalo, New York

FROM:

Kevin M. Matheis, On-Scene Coordinator

Removal Action Branch

TO:

George Pavlou, Director

Emergency and Remedial Response Division

THRU:

Richard C. Salkie, Chief

Removal Action Branch

PURPOSE

The purpose of this Memorandum is to document a verbal authorization to initiate a removal action at the Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company Site, located at 204-260 Chandler Street, Buffalo, New York 14207. This removal action is in response to a request from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to EPA to perform an emergency response action at the Site. An extensive fire in a significant portion of the building complex occurred in the late evening of April 15, 2003. The fire was extinguished by April 16, 2003, leaving an unsecured, structurally unstable building. A recent inventory of the facility conducted prior to the fire by the mortgage holder, Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation (BERC), indicates the presence of approximately 100, 55-gallon drums containing potentially hazardous materials/substances including but not limited to oils, waste oils, hydraulic fluids, solvents, phenolic resins and unidentified cleaners. Inspections by NYSDEC staff conducted on April 17, 2003 indicate that some of the drums were not impacted by the fire, but are now unsecured and unprotected. Remnants of hazardous wastes/substances may also remain in the fire zone. In addition, an estimated 50 smaller containers of similar materials were on-site.

The site contains hazardous substances in an unsecured, fire-damaged building, therefore it is recommended that EPA provide site security and fence the damaged buildings. In addition, actions will be taken to remove fire-damaged debris from the buildings in order to access the hazardous substances contained therein. The project ceiling to begin the proposed actions is \$70,000, of which \$50,000 is for mitigation contracting.

BACKGROUND

The Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co. is comprised of a series of interconnected buildings at 204-260 Chandler Street, located in Buffalo, New York. The Site was most recently occupied by Phargo Electric Company, which ceased operations on January 17, 2003. Phargo Electric was shutdown by the BERC at that time. BERC had boarded and secured the buildings and recently prepared the inventory of hazardous substances.

As indicated above, the fire heavily damaged the central area of the interconnected Site buildings. Approximately 200 - 300 feet of the central portions of the building were destroyed by the fire. The City of Buffalo erected barricades along Chandler Street and behind the Site buildings as a temporary measure to prevent site entry.

PROPOSED ACTION:

This Verbal Authorization of Funding will be used to activate the Emergency and Rapid Response Services Contractor to immediately provide 24-hour security at the site and fence portions of the building. EPA will then begin to dismantle the Site buildings to access the hazardous substances and stabilize the site.

APPROVE: John Fusio	DATE: 4/28/03
George Pavlou, Director Emergency and Remedial Response Divisi	
Emergency and Remedial Response Divisi	on
DISSAPPROVE:	DATE:
George Pavlou, Director	
Goorge Lavieu, En cotor	
Emergency and Remedial Response Divisi	on

cc:

(after approval is obtained)

- G. Pavlou, ERRD-D
- W. McCabe, ERRD-DD
- R. Salkie, ERRD-RAB
- J. Witkowski, ERRD-RAB
- G. Zachos, ACM/O
- R. Dease, ERRD-RPB
- S. Kivowitz, ORC-NYSUP
- B.Bellow, CD
- C. Beasley, 5202G
- R. Manna, OPM-FMB
- C. Rudnick, NYSDEC
- P. McKechnie, OIG
- E. Christman, NOAA
- A. Raddant, DOI
- C. Kelley, RST

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, PARKS AND STREETS ROOM 512, CITY HALL BUFFALO, NEW YORK, 14202

STREET PERMIT

*				Permit #	SO 2003-057		
Permit Location	CHANDLER STREE		•	Date	5/7/2003		
between Manton PI. and Bridgeman St.							
This permit is issued subject to provisions of the City Ordinances, Chapter 413-37,							
Article V, and further approval by the Department of Public Works, Parks and							
Streets and must be left on the premises until work is completed.							
D	and the second s		•				
Permittee US Environmental Protection Agency Owner Kevin M. Matheis 551-5946 Address 111 W. Huron St.							
Address 111 W. Huron St. Buffalo, NY 14202							
·							
Permission granted to	occupy	240	TOTAL	_feet of space	ce.		
to close 120' of length on Chandler St. between Manton Pl. and Bridgeman St. to include entire R.O.W. for							
dismantling and demolition of fire damaged buildings during the week of May 12, 2003. Barricade and detour							
signage supplied by the City of Buffalo.							
Dormit Eas	e fee waived	Date		1-May-03			
remit ret	gov-gov waiver	Date		1-iviay-03			
15¢ / Temporary Sigr		Expires		1-Jun-03			
Do Maria Bara - T	00.00	_	A.				
Parking Meter Fee \$0.00							
Total Amount Paid	fee waived	For the Commissioner of Public Works,					

The Permittee is responsible for the maintenance and protection of traffic in accordance with the New York State Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices. Display Type B flashing high intensity warning lights (Yellow) on Material, Equipment and Objects in Street.

gov-gov waiver

Parks and Streets

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Environmental Remediation, 12th Floor

625 Broadway, Albany, New York 12233-7011 Phone: (518) 402-9706 • FAX: (518) 402-9020

Website: www.dec.state.ny.us



April 23, 2003

Mr. George Pavlou
Director
Emergency & Remedial Response Division
United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region II
290 Broadway
New York, New York 10007-1866

Dear Mr. Pavlou:

RE: Former Buffalo Belt & Webbing Buffalo (C), Erie County

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (Department) hereby requests the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) perform an appropriate CERCLA emergency response action at the former Buffalo Belt and Webbing facility located at 204-260 Chandler Street, Buffalo, New York.

The facility consists of six large multi-story buildings, portions of which have been unused for several years. The remaining portions were used for the manufacture of rubber belting and webbing products through the end of 2002.

A large fire in a significant portion of the complex occurred in the late evening of April 15, 2003. The fire was extinguished by April 16, 2003, leaving an unsecured, structurally unstable site. A recent inventory of the facility conducted prior to the fire by the mortgage holder, Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation, indicates the presence of approximately 100, 55-gallon drums containing potentially hazardous materials/substances including but not limited to oils, waste oils, hydraulic fluids, solvents, phenolic resins and unidentified cleaners. Inspections by Department staff conducted on April 17, 2003 indicate that some of the drums were not impacted by the fire, but are now unsecured and unprotected. Remnants of potentially hazardous wastes/substances may also remain in the fire zone. In addition, an estimated 50 smaller containers of similar materials were on-site.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact Mr. Daniel King, of my staff, in Buffalo at (716) 851-7220.

Sincerely,

Salvatore Ervolina

for Dale A. Desnoyers
Director
Division of Environmental Remediation

cc: Dan King

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE 345 THIRD STREET, SUITE 530 NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14303

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site (a.k.a PharGo LLC) Buffalo, New York UPDATE FACT SHEET

May 2003

UPDATE as of May 6, 2003

EPA has fenced the site buildings damaged by the fire and is providing 24-hour security. EPA has set up offices at 207 Chandler Street. Plans call for the dismantling of site buildings and removal of hazardous materials contained therein. EPA will remove debris from the site buildings and send it for off-site disposal. All waste removed from the site will be sent to off-site disposal facilities that are licensed to dispose of the waste materials in an appropriate manner.

EPA has been conducting air monitoring on a daily basis and has found no releases of hazardous materials since EPA has been at the site. EPA will continue to be on-site and to direct and monitor progress of all cleanup operations. In addition, EPA will continue to conduct air monitoring during the removal operations to ensure that the work is performed safely.

Due to the need for dismantling the fire-damaged buildings, EPA will close a small section of Chandler Street for approximately 2 months beginning the week of May 12, 2003. This section of Chandler Street will be closed to vehicles and pedestrian traffic. EPA has notified the surrounding business and will accomodate truck access through Chandler Street as requested by the businesses. Road Closed signs and Detour signs will be posted by the City of Buffalo. EPA apologizes for any inconvenience that this closure presents. If you need to visit EPA's project trailer, please use the west entrance gate located on Chandler Street, near G&R Machine.

Background

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) began site operations on April 18, 2003, at the former Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site, located at 204 - 260 Chandler Street, Buffalo, New York. EPA has been requested to undertake a cleanup by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC). The site was the location of the former Buffalo Weaving and Belting Company, and most recently, PharGo LLC. PharGo LLC closed in January 2003 and the Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corporation (BERC) had secured the buildings. On April 15 and 16, 2003, a fire destroyed some of the site buildings. This fire led to DEC's request for EPA to undertake a cleanup action.

If you have any questions concerning EPA's cleanup action, please contact Mike Basile, Public Affairs Specialist at EPA's Public Information Office located in Niagara Falls at 285-8842. If you prefer, please visit EPA's project trailer located at the site.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE 345 THIRD STREET, SUITE 530 NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14303

Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site (a.k.a PharGo LLC) Buffalo, New York UPDATE FACT SHEET

June 2003

UPDATE as of June 9, 2003

EPA continues to dismantle site buildings and remove the asbestos and containers therein. As of June 9, 2003, EPA has removed 12 electrical transformers, 24 electrical capacitors, 100 linear feet of asbestos-coated piping, and over 150 containers (one-gallon to 55-gallon in size) of chemicals from the fire-damaged buildings. In addition, 32 trucks of demolition debris has been sent off-site for disposal. EPA continues to provide 24-hour security.

EPA has been conducting air monitoring on a daily basis and has found no releases of hazardous materials since EPA has been at the site. EPA will continue to be on-site and to direct and monitor progress of all cleanup operations. In addition, EPA will continue to conduct air monitoring during the removal operations to ensure that the work is performed safely.

EPA expects Chandler Street to be closed until August 2003.

EPA has created a web site with site documents, site photographs, and air monitoring information that can be accessed at www.epaosc.net/buffaloweaving.

If you need to visit EPA's project trailer, please use the west entrance gate located on Chandler Street, near G&R Machine.

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Buffalo Weaving and Belting Site (a.k.a PharGo LLC) Buffalo, New York UPDATE FACT SHEET

June 2003

UPDATE as of June 20, 2003

EPA continues to dismantle site buildings and remove the asbestos and containers therein. As of June 20, 2003, EPA has removed 12 electrical transformers, 24 electrical capacitors, 100 linear feet of asbestos-coated piping, and over 150 containers (one-gallon to 55-gallon in size) of chemicals from the fire-damaged buildings. These materials are being stored on-site until off-site disposal arrangements are coordinated. In addition, 39 trucks of demolition debris has been sent off-site for disposal. EPA continues to provide 24-hour security.

EPA has been conducting air monitoring on a daily basis and has found no releases of hazardous materials since EPA has been at the site. EPA will continue to be on-site and to direct and monitor progress of all cleanup operations. In addition, EPA will continue to conduct air monitoring during the removal operations to ensure that the work is performed safely.

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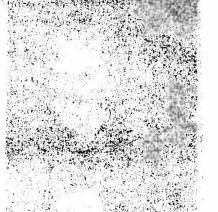
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Rubber & Plastics News

February 24, 2003

The Rubber Industry's International Newspaper

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Closing doors

Alpha Associates to buy rest of Buffalo Weaving

By Mike McNulty

Rubber & Plastics News Staff

BUFFALO, N.Y.-Alpha Associates Inc. plans to purchase the remaining rubber business of 111-year-old Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co., which shut down its manufacturing facility Jan. 15.

The factory closed when its power was turned off, according to a union official. It has not re-opened, its employees have been laid off, their insurance coverage has lapsed and production is being outsourced.

Alpha Associates recently reached a tentative agreement with PharGo L.L.C., which does business as Buffalo Weaving & Belting, to acquire the firm's sheet rubber and specialty elastomer product lines, technology, customer list, various formulations, sales contracts and possibly its arrestor tape business, according to Christopher J. Availone president of Alpha Associates. The dewill boost the firm's rubber product line significantly, he said.

In mid-2002, Alpha Associates bough the conveyor belt, fluoroelastomer shee ing, flue duct and high-temperature we

ven belt units Buffalo Weaving, which was formed in 1891 and pur-

A special section o hose and belts be gins on page 11.

chased by John and Robyn Pharr in 1995 The latest deal doesn't include Buttab

Weaving's 211,000-sq.-ft. plant or equip-

Alpha Associates, headquartered in Woodbridge, N.J., has begun manufac turing Buffalo Weaving's products at it: Charleston, S.C., rubber goods famility

See Buffalo, page 20

Firms to boost

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Rubber

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and trust agencies for alleged price-tixing, charges that have been denied

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Buffalo

Continued from page 1

on a contract basis until the transaction is completed, probably within 60 days, Availone said.

After that Alpha Associates will move the acquired business permanently to its 120,000-sq.-ft. Charleston plant, where it will utilize Buffalo Weaving's proprietary product designs and formulas, he said. There it will be merged with the specialty conveyor belt and other rubber units, and a Buffalo Weaving & Belting division may be created, according to John Pharr. Alpha did not say if any current Buffalo Weaving workers would be offered jobs in Charleston.

News of the potential deal came from a United Steelworkers of America Local 246 official, who said Buffalo Weaving's owners laid off the plant's remaining 20 union employees when the facility's power was shut off in mid-January. Pharr, president and CEO of the company, initially said a power failure shut the facility down. The plant has a total work force of about 25.

Rocco Orlando, president of the local and a 29-year employee of the company, claimed "the power was terminated for non-payment on Jan. 15, and that was the last day we worked there. He (Pharr) pulled the plug at about 1-1:30 p.m. that day. I was there when the power company came and pulled the breakers."

The utility company, Niagara Mohawk, said it doesn't give out information on power terminations.

Orlando also maintained employees recently received letters from Independent Health, the company's medical insurance carrier, stating that as of Nov. 30, 2002, coverage had been canceled because of overdue premium payments by the firm. The workers had not been aware of the insurance cancellation before the notification letter arrived, he said.

"I tried to contact him (Pharr) but couldn't," Orlando said.

Buffalo Weaving continued to deduct medical prements from employees' checks after the insurance we canceled until the last checks they received in mid-Jauary, he claimed.

Orlando said the factory has not been official closed, and Pharr told the union president Jan. 15 th power would be off until the firm received further funing, and all employees would be laid off.

The union has not been officially notified that the plan is closing, "and (Pharr's) supposed to do that," he said.

"We are dead in the middle of selling parts of the conpany," Pharr said. "Everything else is rumor and nothin more. I won't comment on anything the union has to say The offers we have are real and viable. We've had products shipped this month because we're outsourcing production. We had a power outage at the company tha stopped us from production and so we decided to out source production. The plant is (currently) not operating."

Buffalo Weaving's factory may be used for other inventments, Pharr said, but the lid not elaborate

- "4. ..



SHARON CANTILLON/Buffalo News Mike Hooker, left, union VP, and Rocco Orlando, union president, worked for Buffalo Weaving for a total of 53 years.

Weaving a sad tale

30 lose jobs as 111-year-old Buffalo company ends operations

By FRED O. WILLIAMS

News Business Reporter

A weaver of industrial belts has shutred its Buffalo factory after more than 10 years in the city's Black Rock secon, leaving 30 workers without jobs.

Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co. osed Jan. 15 when utility crews turned f the power, according to union presient Rocco Orlando.

"Now all the medical bills are coming ock unpaid" because of lapsed insurnce, said Orlando, president of the nited Steel Workers Local 246, "We've I faced the fact they're not going to re-

pany owner John S. Pharr said a ower outage caused production to shift out-source producers. Buffalo Weaveg is the doing-business-as name of narr's company, Phargo LLC.



Buffalo News file photo Charles E. Johnson, who was president of Buffalo Weaving when this picture was taken in 1975, holds nylon thread that is made into the large roll of "arrester tape" in the background.

Pharr said he is in talks with potential investors, who will be key to whether the company reopens its doors. He declined to comment on unpaid medical insurance.

The business at 260 Chandler St. traces its origins to 1892, when it wove cotton harnesses for horse-drawn coaches. The company graduated to nylon and rubber products for auto and aerospace markets, including the first seat belts for aircraft, according to press reports of the time. Meanwhile the business passed from owner to owner, with Pharr buying the company in 1995.

Having employed 200 people in better times, the company has dwindled to about 30 jobs in recent years, Orlando said

After the shutdown last month, workers got a second shock when the company's health insurer informed them that their policies were canceled for non-payment.

Tina Webster, executive secretary, had surgery for a thyroid problem in January. A few days later she learned her company-paid insurance had lapsed Dec. 31.

"As far as I knew we had full coverage," she said. "I don't know what (the

See Weaving Page B7

Weaving: Falsified inspection reports 10.6007

Continued from Page B4

operation) cost; I know I can't pay it."

The company makes a woven nylon belt called "arrestor tape" that catches Navy jets landing on aircraft carriers and jerks them to a halt. The belt is also used by the military at short landing strips.

Workers thought the current build-up of forces in the Persian Gulf would boost military orders.

"Much as you hate to say it, the war would've helped us," Orlando said.

While demand for its products continued, employees said, the company staggered under debts that contributed to its shutdown.

"Too much debt's a bad thing," Pharr said.

Buffalo Weaving owed about \$600,000 to GE Capital in the summer of 2000, when it sought an emergency loan from the city, according to the Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corp.

The city's development agency loaned the company \$250,000 — backed by its real estate and 240,000-square-foot plant — to save it from collapse, chief lending officer Marie Currie said.

"The loan's in trouble now," she said.

Payments stopped in May of last year, leaving an unpaid balance of \$243,000, Currie said. The city filed legal action, but didn't force the company's shutdown, she said.

Founded as Chase & Mathewson, the business adopted the Buffalo Weaving name in 1902, making belts and webs of woven cotton. When horse-drawn transportation ended, it shifted to supplying Buffalo's

fledgling auto industry. Among its early products were transmission linings for the Model-T Ford.

Then there were its more exotic products, such as webbing used with parachutes and harnesses used in Admiral Richard Byrd's polar expeditions.

The company grew under local owners until 1943, when it was bought by an investment group from Philadelphia.

Larry O'Neil, owner of another belt-making company in Easton, Pa., acquired Buffalo Weaving in the 1980s. O'Neil sold the company to Pharr in 1995, mostly for the assumption of the company's approximately \$500,000 debts, O'Neil said.

The company's greatest strength was its expertise with rubber products, O'Neil said. Its "switchboard mats" are used by corporations in high voltage areas, and it made a unique rubber conveyor belt for mining equipment.

"That belt could turn left and right — that expertise was attempted by such companies as Goodyear and Goodrich, (but) people were unable to make that belt," O'Neil said.

Buffalo Weaving sold the conveyor belt and associated equipment to a South Carolina manufacturer last year, Pharr said.

In 2001 Phargo LLC, the parent of Buffalo Weaving, was fined \$16,000 for falsifying inspection reports for landing belts it supplied to the military. The company pleaded guilty in federal court to falsely stating tests had been conducted in 1996 and 1997.

e-mail: fwilliams@buffnews.com

Buffalo Weaving story sad and all too common

It's a shame, a crying shame, about what has happened at Buffalo Weaving **I** & Belting Co.

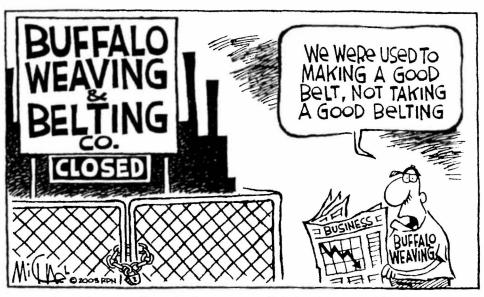
Today the Buffalo, N.Y., business' plant is padlocked, workers laid off, some vendors unpaid. Owner John S. Pharr won't call it a game, continuing to say his business will reopen, a dream not shared by his former employees.

The plight of PharGo L.L.C.—the firm's actual name, while it does business as Buffalo Weaving—is not new to the rubber industry. Pharr had spent more than 26 years at Siegling America Inc., including a decade as president. When he and his wife got the opportunity to buy Buffalo Weaving, they took it.

Why not? Pharr knew the belting business, and he'd been successful. And for a time things worked, business was OK.

Then it all fell apart. Business slumped, revenue was insufficient. Pharr's workers, suppliers and creditors say bills weren't paid, payrolls not met on time. Even health and life insurance premiums weren't covered for employees.

Unlike during his Siegling years, Pharr didn't have a bigger parent that could help keep the operation viable. Things started spiraling out of control.



Now he's sold or is selling the best parts of his business, and hoping to revive the operation.

A lot of people, including Pharr, have been hurt because of Buffalo Weaving's troubles. It's just a very sad, and all too common, occurrence in the rubber business.

THE EDITOR'S VIEW

Staying alive

By Edward Noga

T felt the pulse of the rubber industry the oth-Ler day. It's faint, but still throbbing.

The opportunity to see how the business is doing was provided by the Rubber Manufacovers Association, which held its annual bility lawsuits, the executives often shrugged their shoulders and said, "What are you going to do?" World events, in which they have no influence, are controlling their companies' destinies.

The chief economist from the Chamber of Commerce was the most optimistic person pre-

QUOTE OF THE WEEK

"It seems like almost a whorish attempt to take advantage of the supply base."

-Jeff Mengel, Plante & Moran L.L.P., on Visteon's move to get suppliers to pay upfront to win contracts.

FROM THE RPN ARCHIVES

25 years ago-March 6, 1978

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration begins investigating deal reports in the Fire. 500 steel-belted

BUFFALO WEAVING:

Shutdown hurts workers

By Mike McNulty

Rubber & Plastics News Staff

BUFFALO, N.Y.—Norm Kohlbrenner, Chester Jaskowiak and Tina Webster lost more than jobs when the doors closed Jan. 15 at Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co.

They, like other company employees, claim to have discovered a short while later they owed money on bills they never knew they had because the firm stopped paying for medical coverage in November. That left employees without coverage in December and January.

Worse yet, the employees said, the company did not inform them and continued to take medical deductions from their paychecks.

President and CEO John S. Pharr repeatedly has refused to comment on employee allegations. He did say some statements being attributed to him by workers aren't true, but he won't be more specific.

Webster, who had worked for the firm for six years as Pharr's executive secretary, said she thought she had medical coverage when she went into the hospital three days after the plant closed to have her thyroid removed. She said Pharr told her that the layoff had been temporary. In February, Independent Health, the insurance carrier, informed employees they hadn't had coverage since Nov. 30 because of overdue premium payments.

Now she's concerned about how she'll cover her medical bills that could run more than \$20,000. She said she contacted Pharr "and he said he'd take care of the bill for me and the expenses I had. But that's a verbal agreement, so I don't know if it will happen."

Kohlbrenner, a 26-year employee of the firm, said Buffalo Weaving owes him about \$1,300 for medical expenses incurred during the period coverage had been dropped. "My wife was going to the doctor thinking we had medical coverage. I don't care what he does now, as long as he reimburses me. I'm upset with him. A lot of us are."

He said he talked with Pharr three weeks ago and was told by the owner that he would be reimbursed for the medical bills and the money deducted from his pay.

Jaskowiak said he's due a reimbursement on pre-

scriptions that he thought were being covered under the medical plan. But he has a bigger issue than that with the company

The 41-year Buffalo Weaving employee lost he wife, Mary Jane, to illness in August and he's still waiting for the final payment on a life insurance policy the firm carried on her, which was part of a union agreement. But apparently because of administrative reasons, the policy was not in effect when his wife died, he said.

Jaskowiak, who started out as a pressman in the early 1960s before becoming a compounder, has been battling the company over the life insurance payment since he returned to work after the funeral for his wife, who worked for the firm for 28 years.

"I was told by the personnel manager that the policy had been canceled," he said. "I approached Pharr and he said he had no money to pay for the policy but that he would come up with a payment plan."

The company owner did give him \$3,000 shortly thereafter to help cover funeral expenses, according to Jaskowiak, and he also put a payment plan together.

However, the firm did not make the payments, he said, so the internal mixer operator refused to work Oct. 1 until he was paid.

The United Steelworkers of America became involved and by Oct. 15 both sides signed off on another payment plan. That schedule was not adhered to, either, Jaskowiak said, and Buffalo Weaving still owes him \$4,075.

All three figure Buffalo Weaving has closed its doors for good, although no official announcement has been made by company executives.

Webster said she's looking for work but the jomarket is tough. "I'm competing with 150 other people for one job."

Jaskowiak is planning to retire.

The state of the s

Kohlbrenner isn't looking for a job, because he has a small business, Norm's Auto Repair, to fall back on.

"I've worked two jobs all my life," he said. "I'm 52 and I usually put in 12-hour days. I enjoy working This (auto repair business) was more of a hobby before. Now it's my job."



BUFFALO WEAVING: End of an Eru?

Company veteran weathers good, bad times

By Mike McNulty

Bubber & Plastics News Staff

BUFFALO, N.Y.-Rocco Orlando knew deep down the day was coming. He just refused to believe it.

Orlando, one of the last 15 union

members who lost their jobs when Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co. suddenly closed its doors in January, said signs the firm was in deep trouble had been there for some time.

But the company somehow kept bailing and was able to survive during tough times, so he figured it would happen again. "I was wrong."

Rocco Orlando Married and the father of two grown children, the 50-year-old Orlando staved at the Buffalo-based company for 29 years "because I enand working the I wasn't even looking (for another job), I guess I

knew this day was going to come but I was always hoping it wouldn't. I figured if it happened. I'd worry about it then."

"Then" has arrived and "now I'm collecting unemployment—which, believe

> me, is something I don't like doing," said Orlando, who is president of United Steelworkers of America Local 246, which represented most plant workers. "But the job market is tough now-especially in Buffalo."

> His wife Anne Marie is working but they have no health insurance.

"I guess we'll have to pay big bucks for that, but you have to have it," he

An unpaid volunteer fireman for the town of Tonawanda, Orlanda maintains

poor management did the company in.

The firm's most recent misfortunes were a contrast to the company Orlando joined as a bench hand almost three decades earlier. The company had a work force of close to 200 operating out of its 211,000-sq.-ft. manufacturing facility, Orlando said.

"When I started there, it was a real good company," he said. And it remained that way for the next 20 years. "It was a solid place to work—at least until they started switching owners."

Near the end, with the handwriting on the wall and a staff of about 15 production workers on hand to make products, Orlando said he still refused to give up.

"I was the only maintenance man still there at the end," he said, "so I did it all or called someone in if I couldn't handle the job."

The common had weathered come

tough times during the last century, he said, especially in the mid-1990s when the owner at the time, Lawrence W O'Neill, moved Buffalo Weaving's profitable latex-coated arrestor tape business to Victor Balata Belting Co. in Easton, Pa., another company he owned and the parent of Buffalo Weaving at the time.

O'Neill then sold Buffalo Weaving to John S. Pharr and his wife, Robyn Glemby-Pharr, in 1995.

"Once Pharr got here, it took us a year or two to get our arrestor tape business going again," Orlando said, "And when we had our old product (along with its rubber belt, switchboard matting, oil tank seals and sheet rubber businesses), we started to improve."

But the firm's fortunes shifted again in the last three years and the company was unable to rebound, according to Orlando.



fred of our Emis

Pharr holds on

By Mike McNulty

Rubber & Plastics News Staff

BUFFALO, N.Y.—John S. Pharr doesn't want to let go. He had great aspirations when he created PharGo L.L.C. to purchase Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co., Jan. 30, 1995, from Victor Balata Belting Co. Buffalo Weaving h i performed poorly for much of the 1990s prior to the juisition, but he was confident he could turn it around.

And he did for a while. But ultimately it didn't pan out. Financial difficulties apparently halted Buffalo Weaving's growth and Pharr has been selling parts of the firm since September 2002. The company's produc-

tion plant was shut down Jan. 15.

Despite that, Pharr said Buffalo Weaving has not officially closed its doors for good and he's not selling off all of his company. Alpha Associates Inc. is buying some segments, but he insists he still owns parts of the busiss and may do something with them. While not disosing his plans, he indicated it may involve switchloard matting, a product two employees said Buffalo Weaving stopped making in November.

Pharr won't comment on allegations made by laid-off employees several times over the last two weeks. He did say he is distressed because he claims some

charges are false or misleading.

The president and CEO said the company currently is outsourcing production to Alpha Associates, which bought product lines and machinery from Buffalo Veaving last year and currently is negotiating to purhase other segments of the firm.

When Pharr entered the picture in 1995, it was a different story. He brought with him a good deal of knowledge about the company and a number of growth plans.

Pharr had worked with Siegling America Inc. for 26 years, serving as president from 1983-93. He oversaw development of its first U.S. conveyor belt manufacturing facility shortly before resigning. He was vice president of both Victor Balata and Buffalo Weaving for a short time in 1994 before he left to form PharGo.

His initial plans for Buffalo Weaving included cestarting weaving and urethane-coated arrestor tape production; rebuilding the firm's petroleum tank seal manufacturing base; expanding its sales force; and entering new markets.

> the plant which prevented the plant. from producing

JOHN C. HICKEY/Buffalo News

Three-alarm fie in Black Rock

Firefighters manning aerial ladder trucks late Tuesday pour water on a roaring fire consuming the old Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co. manufacturing facility on Chander and Bridgeman streets in Black Rock. The fire, which had reached three-alarm status by late Tuesday, broke out shortly after 10 p.m. Hazmat crews were reportedly headed to the fire because of concerns about chemicals stored at the site. Buffalo Weaving & Belting, which manufactured belts used by industry, closed its doors on Jan. 15 after more than 100 years, leaving 30 workers jobless. The business traced its origins to 1892, when it wove cotton harnesses for horse-drawn coaches.

Buffalo News 4/20/03

CRIME

Two charged with arson in fire at vacant Black Rock plant

By JAY REY

News Staff Reporter

Two young men are accused of setting the fire Tuesday that caused \$1.5 million damage to the old Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co. plant in Black Rock.

Investigators have charged Roger D. Scroggins, 19, of Grote Street, and Steven Pollard, 19, of Germaine Street, with setting Tuesday's three-alarm blaze at 260 Chandler St.

Detective Brian Mahoney and Fire Investigator James O'Neill said Scroggins and Pollard entered the old industrial complex through an unlocked door and tossed lighted paper onto wooden pallets, triggering an inferno that gutted the building.

Scroggins and Pollard also were charged with second-degree criminal mischief and third-degree burglary. In addition, Scroggins faces a charge of petit larceny for allegedly stealing a metal detector from the building.

Further information on the arrests was unavailable Saturday.

The blaze started about 10 p.m. Tuesday, Firefighters were confronted immediately with an intense fire consuming at least two of the buildings in the multiple-structure complex, which once manufactured industrial belts.

The company closed Jan. 15 after 111 years at the Chandler Street site. The business had opened in 1892, making belts and webs of woven cotton for horse-drawn coaches.

When transportation progressed e-mail: jrey@buffnews.com

from horses to automobiles and airplanes, the company shifted to nylon and rubber products, including transmission linings for the Model-T Ford and the first seat belts for aircraft.

Most recently, the company had been owned and operated by John S. Pharr and did business as PharGo. It manufactured a woven nylon belt called "arrestor tape" that is used to catch military iets landing on aircraft carriers and short landing strips.

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ENVIRONMENT

No hazards found in first tests at fire scene

By VANESSA THOMAS

News Staff Reporter

Preliminary tests at the site where a three-alarm blaze gutted a former manufacturing plant in Black Rock last week have not detected any hazardous chemicals, radiation or dust in the air, but more tests are scheduled, Environmental Protection Agency officials said.

The blaze — which began at about 10 p.m. last Tuesday and continued into Wednesday morning — caused \$1.5 million damage to the old Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co. plant at 260 Chandler St.

The fire consumed at least two of the buildings in the multistructure complex, which once manufactured industrial belts. Two 19^cyear-old men were charged with intentionally setting the fire.

EPA on-scene coordinator Kevin Matheis said Monday that the chemical waste cleanup being conducted at the site is expected to last for the next two

"We haven't detected any environmental problems associated with the fire so far." Kevin Matheis, EPA on-scene coordinator

months.

During this time, the air quality will be periodically tested. Asbestos test results are expected Thursday, he said.

"We haven't detected any environmental problems associated with the fire so far," said Matheis. "No contaminants were found in the air when we tested for volatile organic chemicals, radiation and hazardous dust."

About 100 drums filled with methyl ethyl ketone, toluene and machinery oils, lubricants and cleaners were believed to be at the site during the blaze.

Authorities said they are unsure how many drums were destroyed and what chemicals were released.

Methyl ethyl ketone and toluene—common industrial solvents that are extremely flammable—are considered the most hazardous of all the chemicals that officials believe were present at the fire scene, he said.

EPA officials said their short-term effects can include eye or skin irritations. According to the EPA, there is no information available about their long-term or carcinogenic effect on humans.

"We're here to protect the community and the citizens," said Matheis. "We will continue to keep residents informed about our cleanup efforts."

About 30 to 40 homes are located within 100 yards of the burned-out plant. A public information session for concerned citizens will be held later this week, but no date or place has been set, he said

The EPA has fenced around the damaged buildings and is providing 24-hour security.

Workers are currently hauling in equipment and setting up the area to begin their waste cleanup.

In about two weeks, workers are scheduled to start dismantling the buildings and assessing the condition of the drums to ensure their safe removal, said Matheis.

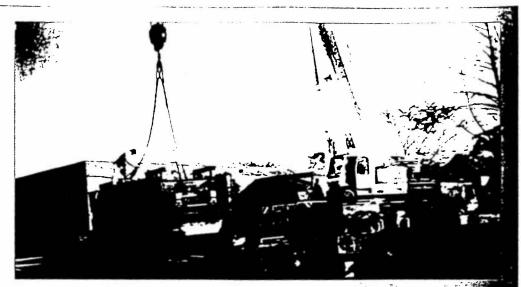
All removed waste will be sent to an off-site disposal facility.

e-mail: vthomas@buffnews.com

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temands
 hased tire maker

Right, a worker secures a 24-foot-long Almex press used to produce a unique mining belt before it's shipped to Alpha Associates inc. in New Jersey. Alpha purchased the belt operation and machinery in September. Below, a forklift moves press to Buffalo Weaving's dock in preparation for the transfer. See page 10 for more stories.



Caught in a revolving door

Cash flow spurs Buffalo Weaving troubles



BUFFALO, N.Y.—PharGo L.L.C., doing business as Buffalo Weaving & Belting Co., spent at least a year trapped in a vicious circle that ultimately caused it to cease production Jan. 15.

That's the picture painted by employees laid off at the battle-scarred, 111-year-old company, which has been shut down but not officially closed. However, the plant has been padlocked because the firm failed to make payments to a lender, according

to Buffalo Economic Renaissance Corp., which holds the mortgage



on the building.

Laid-off employees insist Buffalo Weaving's factory has been closed permanently for more than a month, but its owner, John S. Pharr, has refused to make it official. They're upset with him for the way he's handled that and other matters.

Pharr, who purchased the firm in 1995 and serves as president and CEO, claims he has not closed the facility's doors for good—that production has only been suspended fand there is no See Money, vegs 19

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fixed date for it to be resumed." He said he is in the process of selling some of the remaining segments to Alpha Associates Inc., but not the entire company.

Workers claim Buffalo Weaving quit making health insurance payments in late November, even though employee deductions were taken from their checks weekly, and they didn't know until the health insurer sent cancellation letters two months later.

Union-negotiated, company-paid life insurance policies also were canceled, employees maintain. One worker said he didn't learn about it until shortly after the death of his wife, a longtime company employee

Workers claim parts of the plant's roof sagged and they often worked the last few months without heat in the factory. The machinery was old, broken down and needed repairs, several said.

As one supplier put it, "John has been scrambling for a long time and I guess he just ran out of moves."

Money problems

The root of Buffalo Weaving's dilemma seems to be money, or lack of it, which created a circle of other problems.

Workers charge the owner often didn't pay his bills, which stopped the flow of

needed materials and compounds into the plant, which prevented the company from producing products, which reduced the amount of money coming into the company to pay bills.

Failure to make payments to vendors put the firm in a hole, according to Tina Webster, Pharr's former executive secretary.

"He wanted \$40,000 a week in product going out the door (to cover payroll,



Buffalo Weaving's 211,000-sq.-ft. plant spans three blocks.

utilities and other bills)," she said. "But sometimes we didn't pay for the compounds or pay the vendors in 30 days. So we had to manipulate every which way to get raw materials. There were all sorts of letters of intent to pay going out."

The firm fell behind in orders because it couldn't pay for compounds, and without them it couldn't make some products, said Chester Jaskowiak, a 41-year employee who worked as a compounder on an internal mixer in the company's rubber department.

"The problem with payment, goes back as far as I can recall," said Webster, who has been with the firm for six years. "We've always been behind."

Akron-based HB Chemical Corp. was one of several suppliers that attempted to be creative in dealing with Buffalo Weaving to help it keep going. HB Chemical supplied a variety of materials to the firm for about 15 years.

"They owed us money, and still do, for polymers and accelerators," said Jeff Rand, vice president of sales, although he noted that HB Chemical played a minor role with Buffalo Weaving compared to many other suppliers. "We really went out on a limb for them" and created different ways to deal with the company's payment problem. But it ultimately replaced debt with more debt, he said.

The same held true for paychecks, according to Rocco Orlando, a 29-year employee of the company and president of United Steelwork-

ers of America Local 246. "Payday was Friday, then it went to Monday, then to Tuesday, and then we were two weeks behind and back to Friday," he said.

In the middle of 2002, some paychecks bounced, Orlando claims, "but he (Pharr) made good on them and also paid the bank charge."

Growing debt

Buffalo Weaving was burdened with more debts than it could handle, Webster and Orlando allege. In mid-2000, it got an eme. . \$250,000 loan to the city of Buffalo's development agenc Buffalo Economic Renaissance.

Pharr used his 211,000-sq.-ft plan which spans three blocks, as collatera Payments stopped in May 2001, according to published reports, leaving an unpaid balance of about \$240,000. Build Economic Renaissance padlocked the factory in late February.

"We loaned him money to bail him on and save jobs," said Marie Currie, chic lending officer for the developmen agency. She said the agency hkely will foreclose on the factory and put it up for sale.

In December and January, there were days when employees worked with a heat because the firm didn't want is spend money to put boders on Otta,:

"The only time the power went on all that time was if the company needed at for certain machines for production," he said. "We thought we could keep going so the women worked with their coats and gloves on. It was so cold, you could see your breath in the place. But we were dedicated; we knew he was behind with the arrestor tapes to urethane-coated product used by the U.S military and NATO countries to slow down or stop aircraft on short runways), and we wanted to make it work."

The firm's gas was turned off more than a year ago, Webster said, and it was running on oil.

"We had heat maybe three days a week if we were lucky and the rest of the

See Money, page 1

Money

Continued from page 10 time we used little electric space heaters and worked with our coats and gloves on," she said.

Other woes

The company's troubles were not all money related

In 2001, PharGo was charged with falsitying reports to tests conducted in 1996 and 1997 for the landing tape.

The firm pleaded guilty to the charges in federal court and was fined \$16,000 Buttalo Weaving was put on probation and continued to get orders from the U.S. government

The company also lost a strong marketing and sales tie when a venture between the firm and Sampla Belting S.p.A. ended almost as quickly as it started.

Milan, Italy-based Sampla had rented space at the firm's Buffalo facility, fabricating and marketing its belts from the site along with some Buffalo Weaving belts. Then Sampla suddenly opted to move to another building in Orchard Park, N.Y.

Neither firm gave reasons for the venture's dissolution, and Sampla officials did not return repeated calls.

"Sampla had a sophisticated sales and

marketing department and they were an asset to Buffalo Weaving," according to Lawrence W. O'Neill, the previous Buffalo Weaving owner who sold the company to Pharr and his wife, Robyn Glemby-Pharr. "There's no doubt that Pharr lost a strong marketing and sales ally when Sampla left."

Orlando agreed, maintaining that the split hurt because Sampla "could have brought in more business for us."

'Niche oriented'

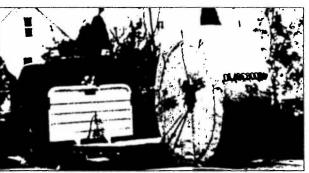
In September, Pharr sold the firm's specialty conveyor belt, fluoroelastomer sheeting, flue duct and high-temperature aramid woven belt businesses, along with an assortment of equipment, to Woodridge, N.J.-based Alpha Associates.

The sale left Buffalo Weaving with a some rubber sheeting, molded rubber products, arrestor tape and specialty items. After the sale, Pharr said the company was adopting a simpler philosophy and becoming more niche oriented. The landing tape business, which made up 50 percent of the firm's business, had become his top product.

"We did it to reduce the amount of raw material items we require and make better use of equipment we've got," he said in December. "During the course of the last several years we've evolved to producing too many products. So by cutting parts of the business, we reduce overhead without reducing sales of the businesses we retained," He said Buffalo Weaving also cut overhead by outsourcing mixing and calendering.

Despite Pharr's optimism, the company didn't gain ground, according to employees.

Buffalo Weaving still couldn't keep up



The sale left Buffalo Weaving with A burlap covered mining belt is loaded to be shipped ome rubber sheeting, molded rubber out of Buffalo Weaving's factory.

with its bills and materials weren't arriving at the plant in a timely fashion. The firm continued to fall behind on orders, they said.

Jaskowiak said Buffalo Weaving laid off about 12 workers in late November, even though it was behind on orders. That left the firm with a union work force of about 15.

In the dark

The plant officially went dark Wednes-

day, Jan. 15, when the local utility copany, Niagara Mohawk, shut the powoff to the facility. Orlando said Phatold him he was trying to arrange I more financing and he expected the I. tory would be operating again by I week of Jan. 20.

The power never came on again

By mid-February, as form employees began to raise concerns about the company softure, Alpha said it had reached tentative agreement with Plan Go to acquire the firms starubber and specialty classical product lines, technology to tomer list various formatation and sales contracts.

Phare said the company in was considering buying its restor tape business but Alph did not confirm that. The de, did not include PharGo's factor remaining machinery and some

small product segments. The transaction is expected to close in 30 days

Regarding the factory, "nothing habeen finalized yet," Pharr said.

While the facility has been padlocke and the sale of most remaining produclines seems imminent, the union str has not been informed that the companhas stopped operating.

However, Orlando said, a meeting is slated for the week of March 10 between the union and Pharr that may resolve the issue.

111-year-old firm spans horse-drawn age to space age

BUFFALO NY Bullalo Weaving & Belting Co.

See lead a rach and colorful history, outfitting every

see from horse drawn currages and buggies to para

see frame seem of by airborne troops in World War

see space are equipment

Observation which began operating in 1891 in a most of the plant in Bullaho started out as a manual selection woven belts lined with rubber. It exists the product least to include webbing and saddle to doing with tran incomo band linings for Ford of the partoinobiles and sports equipment in the

the Company in 1913, it is through the remainder of World War II and the Company when Bulfalo Weaving manufacted and supplied the U.S. mulitary with parachute harnesses. The firm also specially designed the dog-sled harness used by Admiral Richard E. Byrd on his first land trek to the South Pole.

The company was one of the pioneer weavers of syn-

thetic yarns, which later resulted in the development of the automotive seat belt and other goods.

Richard Heiniger took over as president of the firm in 1962 when Merriam became chairman. Heiniger died in 1974 and Charles E. Johnson assumed the presidency in 1975. During this period, Buffalo Weaving began making rubber

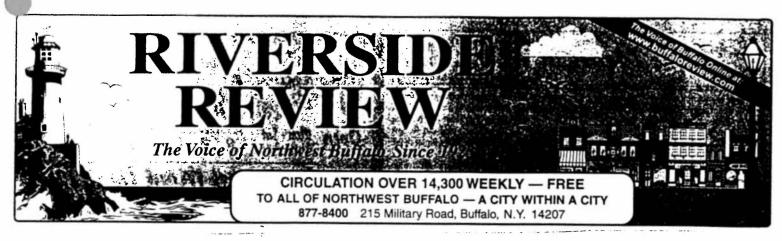
sheeting for gaskets. Later the company's sheet rubber packing was used on equipment during the Apollo moonwalks.

Easton, Pa.-based Victor Balata Belting Co. acquired the firm in the 1980s. "It was a very inventive company



In earlier times, John S. Pharr (far lett) takes parl in one of Buffalo Weaving's annual picnics

that came cold with a lot of new products—said Lawrence W. O'Neill, president of Victor Balata. He sold Buffalo Weaving to John and Robyn Pharr in 1995 because "I had a strike with textile workers going on at Victor Balata, which lasted a year."



Black Rock Fire: Arrests Made; Dangers Assessed

Roger Scroggins of Grote St. and Steven Pollard of Germaine St., both 19, are accused of setting off a three-alarm blaze that caused \$1.5 million in damages to the PharGo building at 260 Chandler Street.

Buffalo fire investigator James

260 Chandler St. under EPA investigation for hazards.

O'Neil and detective Brian Mahoney arrested the teens and charged them with criminal mischief and burglary. Rogers faces an additional charge of petit larceny for snatching a metal detector from the building.

Scroggins and Pollard allegedly entered the old, multi-structured Buffalo Weaving & Beiting Co-plant through an unlocked door in a prece of paper and threw if into anoden patiets last fliesday fright. The feens were arrailined in Naturday and released thin being autobackers a sa la maio da

suspicious young people leaving the area on bikes very shortly after the blaze broke out.

The investigation continues with the chance of more arrests possible," Deputy Fire Commissioner Margaret Keane told the Review on Tuesday. She wouldn't

speculate on when the 111year-old structure would be demolished.

"They still have cleanup to do," she said. The cleanup is expected to last at least two months, according to Kevin Mathias, site coordinator for the EPA.

The PharGo Company, which closed Jan 15 manufactured woven nylon belts used to catch military jets landing on aircraft carriers and landing strips. The combination of chemicals inside the building couple with oil-saturated floors made it a virtual tinderbox. Fire fighters briefly considered evacuating residents and called in a hazardous material team to evaluate the situation as black smoke and fire shot into the night skies.

The EPA was requested to undemake a cleanup by the NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation Dist. An inventory prior to the fire revealed the presence of about of drains of chemicals. Some of the drums contained methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, machinery oils, lubricants and cleaners. The EPA isn't sure how many of the drums were destroyed in the massive fire since not all of the interconnected building was consumed. During the cleanup, the EPA will carefully dismantle the buildings to assess the condition of the drums and ensure their safe removal. The EPA has contracted with the WRS Company in Syracuse.

Amy LaFave of Bridgeman St. is concerned about the health risks of possible air contaminants. Her five-year-old son, William, has

"I just have concerns for the kids and elderly people in our neighborhood. If there are any chemicals in the air what can it do to them and us?" she asked.

Analysis of the air began on Tuesday. According to the EPA site coordinator Kevin Matheias there's no evidence of volatile organic chemical contamination outside of the PharGo building. The prevailing wind the night of the fire was away from the residential homes so it's unlikely anyone would experience an exacerbation of asthma or other lung disorders unless they were right next to the drums

Radiation monitoring, which is normal is situations like this, also came back negative. There were no unusual dust particles either Nothing hazardous has been found in the firefighting sewer water. The it I'V suspects there may be asbes-

"It's as stable as it can be," Matheias said.

The Chandler St. building was burglarized several months ago and neighbors claim that it became a popular site for kids to drink and party. The front and back of the build are being guarded by security officers 24-hours a day and

fencing has been set up to keep curiosity seekers away.

If you have any questions concerning EPA's cleanup actions, please contact Mike Basile, Public Affairs Specialist at the EPA Public Information Office at 285-8842 or visit the EPA project trailer on Chandler Street.

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Breaking News

13:17 EDT Tuesday

Buffalo defense contractor pleads guilty to charge

PharGo Limited Liability Corp., which does business as Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co., has issued a guilty plea on a misdemeanor count of making false certifications to the U.S. government.

The defense contractor entered the plea before U.S. Magistrate Hugh Scott and now faces a penalty of five years probation and a fine of \$200,000, or both.

The U.S. Attorney's office said the company submitted writings which intentionally and falsely represented that a "loop" test, which is required under U.S. defense contracts, had been performed on arrestor tapes manufactured by Buffalo Weaving and Belting Co.

Arrestor tapes are high strength, expensive textile belts used in conjunction with cables in stopping the landing of military aircraft on aircraft carriers or runways.

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